M.Sc., Chemistry Syllabus

(TANSCHE)

(2023 -2025)

2023 – 2024

PG & Research Department of Chemistry

BISHOP HEBER COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)

Affiliated to Bharathidasan University
Nationally reaccredited with 'A' Grade by NAAC
Recognized by UGC as "College of Excellence"
"Star College" Status Awarded by the DBT
DST-FIST Sponsored College

Tiruchirappalli – 620 017

CONTENTS

TANSCHE REGULATIONS ON LEARNING OUTCOMES-BASED CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK FOR POSTGRADUATE EDUCATION	
Programme	**M. Sc., Chemistry**
Programme Code	
Duration	**PG – 2YEARS**
Programme Outcomes (Pos)	**PO1: Problem Solving Skill** Apply knowledge of Management theories and Human Resource practices to solve business problems through research in Global context. **PO2: Decision Making Skill** Foster analytical and critical thinking abilities for data-based decision-making. **PO3: Ethical Value** Ability to incorporate quality, ethical and legal value-based perspectives to all organizational activities. **PO4: Communication Skill** Ability to develop communication, managerial and interpersonal skills. **PO5: Individual and Team Leadership Skill** Capability to lead themselves and the team to achieve organizational goals. **PO6: Employability Skill** Inculcate contemporary business practices to enhance employability skills in the competitive environment. **PO7: Entrepreneurial Skill** Equip with skills and competencies to become an entrepreneur. **PO8: Contribution to Society** Succeed in career endeavors and contribute significantly to society. **PO 9 Multicultural competence** Possess knowledge of the values and beliefs of multiple cultures and a global perspective. **PO 10: Moral and ethical awareness/reasoning** Ability to embrace moral/ethical values in conducting one's life.
Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	**PSO1 – Placement** To prepare the students who will demonstrate respectful engagement with others' ideas, behaviors, beliefs and apply diverse frames of reference to decisions and actions.

	PSO 2 - Entrepreneur To create effective entrepreneurs by enhancing their critical thinking, problem solving, decision making and leadership skill that will facilitate startups and high potential organizations. **PSO3 – Research and Development** Design and implement HR systems and practices grounded in research that comply with employment laws, leading the organization towards growth and development. **PSO4 – Contribution to Business World** To produce employable, ethical and innovative professionals to sustain in the dynamic business world. **PSO 5 – Contribution to the Society** To contribute to the development of the society by collaborating with stakeholders for mutual benefit.

Credit Distribution for PG Programme

Semester–I	Credit	Semester-II	Credit	Semester-III	Credit	Semester–IV	Credit
1.1. Core-I	4	2.1. Core-IV	4	3.1. Core-VII	4	4.1. Core-X	4
1.2 Core-II	4	2.2 Core-V	4	3.2 Core-VII	4	4.2 Core-XI	4
1.3 Core – III	4	2.3 Core – VI	4	3.3 Core – IX	4	4.3 Core – XII	4
1.4 Elective (Generic / Discipline Centric)- I	3	2.4 Elective (Generic / Discipline Centric) – III	3	3.4 Elective (Generic / Discipline Centric) – V	3	4.4 Elective (Generic / Discipline Centric) – VI	3
1.5 Elective (Generic / Discipline Centric)-II	3	2.5 Elective (Generic / Discipline Centric)-IV	3	3.5 Core Industry Module	3	4.5 Project with Viva-Voce	3
1.6Ability Enhancement Course- Soft Skill -1	2	2.6 Ability Enhancement Course - Soft Skill -2	2	3.6 Ability Enhancement Course- Soft Skill -3	2	4.6 Ability Enhancement Course- Soft Skill -4	2
Skill Enhancement Course SEC 1	2	2.7 Skill Enhancement Course SEC 2	2	3.7 Skill Enhancement Course – Term Paper and Seminar Presentation SEC 3	2	4.7 Skill Enhancement Course - Professional Competency Skill	2
				3.8 Internship/ Industrial Activity	2	4.8 Extension Activity	1
	22		**22**		**24**		**23**
						Total Credit Points	**91**

Core- Papers **12 x 4 = 48**
Elective (Generic / Discipline Centric) **8 x 3 = 24**
Ability Enhancement Course- Soft Skill - **8 x 2 = 16**
Internship/ Industrial Activity **1 x 2 = 2**
Extension Activity **1 x 1 = 1**

Total Credits **91**

Component wise Credit Distribution

Credits	Sem I	Sem II	Sem III	Sem IV	Total
Part A	**18**	**18**	**18**	**18**	**72**
Part B **(i) Discipline – Centric / Generic Skill**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**8**
(ii) Soft Skill	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**10**
(iii) Summer Internship / Industrial Training			**2**		
Part C				**1**	**1**
Total	**22**	**22**	**24**	**23**	**91**

Part A component and Part B (i) will be taken into account for CGPA calculation for the postgraduate programme and the other components Part B and Part C have to be completed during the duration of the programme as per the norms, to be eligible for obtaining the PG degree

2. Structure of Course

Course Code	**Course Name**		**Credits**
Lecture Hours: (L) per week	**Tutorial Hours : (T) per week**	**Lab Practice Hours: (P)per week**	**Total: (L+T+P) per week**
Course Category :	**Year & Semester:**	**Admission Year:**	
Pre-requisite			
Links to other Courses			
Learning Objectives: (for teachers: what they have to do in the class/lab/field)			
Course Outcomes: (for students: To know what they are going to learn) **CO1:** **CO2:** **CO3:** **CO4:** **CO5:**			
Recap: (not for examination) Motivation/previous lecture/ relevant portions required for the course) [This is done during 2 Tutorial hours)			
Units	**Contents**		**Required Hours**
I			**15**

II		**15**
III		**15**
IV		**15**
V		**15**
Extended Professional Component (is a part ofinternal component only, Not to	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET / UGC – CSIR / GATE / TNPSC / others to be solved(To be discussed during the Tutorial hour)	

be includedin the External Examination question paper)		
Skills acquired from the course	Knowledge, Problem Solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication andTransferrable Skill	
Learning Resources: • **Recommended Texts** • **Reference Books** • **Web resources**		
Board of Studies Date:		

3. Learning and Teaching Activities

3.1 Topic wise Delivery method

Hour Count	Topic	Unit	Mode of Delivery

3.2 Work Load

The information below is provided as a guide to assist students in engaging appropriatelywith the course requirements.

Activity	Quantity	Workload periods
Lectures	60	60
Tutorials	15	15
Assignments	5	5
Cycle Test or similar	2	4
Model Test or similar	1	3
University Exam	1	3
	Total	90 periods

Tutorial Activities

Tutorial Count	Topic

4. Laboratory Activities

5. Field Study Activities

6. Assessment Activities

6.1 Assessment Principles:

Assessment for this course is based on the following principles

1. Assessment must encourage and reinforce learning.
2. Assessment must measure achievement of the stated learning objectives.
3. Assessment must enable robust and fair judgments about student performance.
4. Assessment practice must be fair and equitable to students and give them the opportunityto demonstrate what they learned.
5. Assessment must maintain academic standards.

6.2 Assessment Details:

Assessment Item	Distributed Due Date	Weightage	Cumulative Weightage
Assignment 1	3rd week	2%	2%
Assignment 2	6th Week	2%	4%

Cycle Test – I	7th Week	6%	10%
Assignment 3	8th Week	2%	12%
Assignment 4	11th Week	2%	14%
Cycle Test – II	12th Week	6%	20%
Assignment 5	14th Week	2%	22%
Model Exam	15th Week	13%	35%
Attendance	All weeks as per the Academic Calendar	5%	40%
University Exam	17th Week	60%	100%

CONTENTS

g. Course Design(content, Course Outcomes(COs), Delivery method, mapping of COs with Programme Outcomes(POs), Assessment Pattern in terms of Revised Bloom's Taxonomy)
h. Sample CO Assessment Tools.
i. Faculty Course Assessment Report(FCAR)
j. Course Evaluation Sheet
k. Teaching Materials(PPT, OHP etc)
l. Lecture Notes
m. Home Assignment Questions
n. Tutorial Sheets
o. Remedial Class Record, if any.
p. Projects related to the Course
q. Laboratory Experiments related to the Courses
r. Internal Question Paper
s. External Question Paper
t. Sample Home Assignment Answer Sheets
u. Three best, three middle level and three average Answersheets
v. Result Analysis (CO wise and whole class)
w. Question Bank for Higher studies Preparation (GATE/Placement)
x. List of mentees and their academic achievements

Syllabus – M. Sc., Chemistry (2023-2025)
SEMESTER-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF HOURS AND CREDITS

Semester	COURSE	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	HOURS	CREDIT	Marks 100		
						CIA	UE	Total
I	**CC1-Theory**	P23CH101	Organic Reaction Mechanism-I	7	5	25	75	100
	CC2 - Theory	P23CH102	Structure and Bonding in Inorganic Compounds	7	5	25	75	100
	CC3 Practical	P23CH1P1	Organic Chemistry Practical	6	4	40	60	100
	Elective- I Theory	P23CH1:A	**Bio-Inorganic Chemistry**	5	3	25	75	100
		P23CH1:B	Nanomaterials and Nanotechnology			25	75	100
	Elective- II Theory	P23CH1:C	**Molecular Spectroscopy**	5	3	25	75	100
		P23CH1:D	Medicinal Chemistry			25	75	100
				30	**20**			
II	**CC4- Theory**	P23CH203	Organic Reaction Mechanism-II	6	5	25	75	100
	CC5- Theory	P23CH204	Physical Chemistry-I	6	5	25	75	100
	CC6 - Practical	P23CH2P2	Inorganic Chemistry Practical	6	4	40	60	100
	Elective- III Theory	P23CH2:A	**Electrochemistry**	4	3	25	75	100
		P23CH2:B	Green Chemistry			25	75	100
	Elective – IV Theory	P23CH2:C	**Organic Spectroscopy**	4	3	25	75	100
		P23CH2: D	Material Science			25	75	100
	NMEC-I Theory	P23CH2E1	Chemistry for Healthy Living	4	2	25	75	100
				30	**22**			
III	**Core -7- Theory**	P23CH305	Organic Synthesis and Photochemistry	6	5	25	75	100
	Core -8- Theory	P23CH306	Coordination Chemistry-I	6	5	25	75	100
	Core – 9 Practical	P23CH3P3	Physical Chemistry Practical	6	5	40	60	100
	Core–10 Practical	P23CH3P4	Analytical Instrumentation Technique - Practical	6	4	40	60	100
	Elective – V Theory	P23CH3:A	**Biomolecules and Heterocyclic Compounds**	3	3	25	75	100
		P23CH3:B	Pharmacognosy & Phytochemistry			25	75	100
	NMEC-II Theory	P23CH3E2	Cosmetic Chemistry	3	2	25	75	100
	Internship	P23CH3I1	Internship / Industrial Activity(Summer Vacation Activity)	-	2	**Internal Assessment (Report submission)** CIA - 100		
				30	**26**			
IV	**Core–11 Theory**	P23CH407	Coordination Chemistry-II	6	5	25	75	100
	Core -12 Theory	P23CH408	Physical Chemistry-II	6	5	25	75	100
	Core - 13 Project	P23CH4PJ	Project with Viva-Voce	8	7	25	75	100
	Elective – VI Practical	P23CH4:P	**Computational Chemistry Practical**	4	3	40	60	100
		P23CH4:B	Polymer Chemistry			25	75	100
	SEC -3 (Professional Competency Course)	P23CH4SA	**Course Training for Competitive Examination**	4	2	**Internal Assessment** CIA – 100		
		P23CH4SB	Chemistry for Advanced Research Studies					
	VLO	P23VLO41/ P23VLO42	Value and Life Oriented Education	2	2*	CIA – 100 *(Extra Credit)		
	Extension Activity	P23ETA41	Extension Activity	-	1	**Performance Based Assessment** CIA - 100		
				30	**25**			
			TOTAL CREDITS	**120**	**91 + 2***			

Elective Courses

Courses are grouped (Group A to Group F) so as to include topics from Pure Chemistry (PC), Applied Chemistry (AC) and Industrial Components (IC) like pharmaceutical industries, Polymer labs courses for flexibility of choice by the stakeholders / institutions.

Semester I: Elective I and Elective II

Elective I to be chosen from Group A and **Elective II** to be chosen from Group B

Group A: (PC/AC/IC)

1. Organic Chemistry
2. Nanomaterials and Nanotechnology

Group B:(PC/AC/IC)

1. Molecular Spectroscopy
2. Medicinal Chemistry

Semester II: Elective III & Elective IV

Elective III to be chosen from **Group C** and **Elective IV** to be chosen from **Group DGroup C**:**(PC/AC/IC)**

1. Electrochemistry
2. Green Chemistry

Group D :(PC/AC/IC)

1. Bioinorganic Chemistry
2. Material Science

Semester III: Elective V

Elective V to be chosen from Group E.

Group E: (PC/AC/IC)

1. Biomolecules and Heterocyclic compounds
2. Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry

Semester IV: Elective VI

Elective VI to be chosen from Group F.

Group F:(PC/AC/IC)

1. Computational Chemistry Practical
2. Polymer Chemistry

Skill Enhancement Courses

Skill Enhancement Courses are chosen to keep in pace with the latest developments inthe academic / industrial front and provides flexibility of choice by the stakeholders / institutions.

Group G (Skill Enhancement Courses) SEC:(Practical based paper)

- Computational Chemistry
- 3D printing in Chemistry
- Preparation of Consumer products
- Chemistry in everyday life
- Cosmetic Chemistry
- Origin lab
- Industrial Chemistry
- Research Tools and Techniques

Ability Enhancement Courses

- Soft Skill courses

Extra Disciplinary Courses for other Departments (not for Mathematics students)

Students from other Departments may also choose any one of the following as Extra DisciplinaryCourse.

ED-I: Chemistry for Life Sciences

ED-II: Chemical conservation

ED-III: Chemistry in food preservation

ED-IV: Chemistry for Social studies

ED-V: Chemistry in consumer products

7. Instructions for Course Transaction

Courses	**Lecture Hrs**	**Tutorial hrs**	**Lab Practice**	**Total hrs**
Core	75	15	--	90
Electives	75	15	--	90
ED	75	15	--	90
Lab Practice Courses	-	15	75	90
Project	20	--	70	90

8. Testing Pattern -- (25+75)

Internal Assessment

Theory Course: For theory courses there shall be three tests conducted by the faculty concernedand the average of the best two can be taken as the Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) for a maximum of 25 marks. The duration of each test shall be one / one and a half hour.

Computer Laboratory Courses: For Computer Laboratory Oriented Courses, there shall be twotests in Theory part and two tests in Laboratory part. Choose one best from Theory part and otherbest from the two Laboratory part. The average of the best two can be treated as the CIA for a maximum of 25 marks. The duration of each test shall be one / one and a half hour.

There is no improvement for CIA of both theory and laboratory, and, also for University EndSemester Examination.

Different Types of Courses

(i) Core Courses (Illustrative)

1. Organic Reaction mechanism I & II
2. Structure and bonding in Inorganic compounds
3. Organic Chemistry Practical
4. Physical Chemistry-I & II
5. Inorganic Chemistry Practical
6. Organic synthesis and Photochemistry
7. Coordination Chemistry-I & II
8. Physical Chemistry Practical
9. Analytical Instrumentation technique practical

(ii) Elective Courses (ED within the Department Experts) (Illustrative)

1. Organic Spectroscopy
2. Nanomaterials and Nanotechnology
3. Molecular Spectroscopy
4. Medicinal Chemistry
5. Electrochemistry
6. Green Chemistry
7. Bio inorganic Chemistry
8. Material Science
9. Biomolecules and Heterocyclic compounds

10. Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry
11. Computational Chemistry Practical
12. Polymer chemistry

(iii) Elective Courses (ED from other Department Experts)

(iv) Skill Development Courses

(v) Institution-Industry-Interaction (Industry aligned Courses)

Programmes /course work/ field study/ Modelling the Industry Problem/ Statistical Analysis /Commerce-Industry related problems / MoU with Industry and the like activities.

(vi) Elective Courses (Offered to Non –Major Students)

1. Chemistry for Healthy Living

2. Cosmetic Chemistry

(vii) Professional Competency Courses

1. Course Training for Competitive Examinations

2. Chemistry for Advanced Research Studies

(viii) Value and Life Oriented Education

TANSCHE REGULATIONS ON LEARNING OUTCOMES-BASED CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK FOR UNDERGRADUATE EDUCATION	
Programme	**M.Sc.**
Programme Code	
Duration	**2 years for PG**
Programme Outcomes (POs)	**PO1: Problem Solving Skill** Apply knowledge of Management theories and Human Resource practices to solve business problems through research in Global context. **PO2: Decision Making Skill** Foster analytical and critical thinking abilities for data-based decision-making. **PO3: Ethical Value** Ability to incorporate quality, ethical and legal value-based perspectives to all organizational activities. **PO4: Communication Skill** Ability to develop communication, managerial and interpersonal skills. **PO5: Individual and Team Leadership Skill** Capability to lead themselves and the team to achieve organizational goals. **PO6: Employability Skill** Inculcate contemporary business practices to enhance employability skills in the competitive environment. **PO7: Entrepreneurial Skill** Equip with skills and competencies to become an entrepreneur. **PO8: Contribution to Society** Succeed in career endeavors and contribute significantly to society. **PO 9 Multicultural competence** Possess knowledge of the values and beliefs of multiple cultures and a global perspective. **PO 10: Moral and ethical awareness/reasoning** Ability to embrace moral/ethical values in conducting one's life.
Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	**PSO1 – Placement** To prepare the students who will demonstrate respectful engagement with others' ideas, behaviors, beliefs and apply diverse frames of reference to decisions and actions. **PSO 2 - Entrepreneur** To create effective entrepreneurs by enhancing their critical thinking, problem solving, decision making and leadership skill that will facilitate startups and high potential organizations.

	PSO3 – Research and Development Design and implement HR systems and practices grounded in research that comply with employment laws, leading the organization towards growth and development. **PSO4 – Contribution to Business World** To produce employable, ethical and innovative professionals to sustain in the dynamic business world. **PSO 5 – Contribution to the Society** To contribute to the development of the society by collaborating with stakeholders for mutual benefit.

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">ORGANIC REACTION MECHANISM - I</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core Paper I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td>Credits</td><td>5</td><td>Course Code</td><td>P23CH101</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>I</td><td colspan="4"></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>5</td><td>2</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">7</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic concepts of organic chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the feasibility and the mechanism of various organic reactions.
To comprehend the techniques in the determination of reaction mechanisms.
To understand the concept of stereochemistry involved in organic compounds.
To correlate and appreciate the differences involved in the various types of organic reaction mechanisms.
To design feasible synthetic routes for the preparation of organic compounds.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Methods of Determination of Reaction Mechanism: Reaction intermediates: Free radicals, carbenes, nitrenes, carbanions, classical and non-classical carbocations, phenonium ions, norbornyl system ; The transition state, Reaction coordinate diagrams, Thermodynamic and kinetic requirements of reactions: Hammond postulate. Methods of determining mechanism: non-kinetic methods - product analysis, determination of intermediates-isolation, detection, and trapping. Cross-over experiments, isotopic labelling, isotope effects and stereo chemical evidences. Kinetic methods - relation of rate and mechanism. Effect of structure on reactivity: Hammett and Taft equations. Linear free energy relationship, partial rate factor, substituent and reaction constants.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Aromatic and Aliphatic Electrophilic Substitution: Aromaticity: Aromaticity in benzenoid, non-benzenoid, heterocyclic compounds and annulenes. Aromatic electrophilic substitution: Orientation and reactivity of di- and polysubstituted phenol, nitrobenzene and halobenzene. Reactions involving nitrogen electrophiles: nitration, nitrosation and diazonium coupling; Sulphur electrophiles: sulphonation; Halogen electrophiles: chlorination and bromination; Carbon electrophiles: Friedel-Crafts alkylation, acylation and arylation reactions. Aliphatic electrophilic substitution Mechanisms: SE2 and SEi, SE1- Mechanism and evidences.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Aromatic and Aliphatic Nucleophilic Substitution: Aromatic nucleophilic substitution: Mechanisms - S_NAr, S_N1 and Benzyne mechanisms - Evidences - Reactivity, Effect of structure, leaving group and attacking nucleophile. Reactions: Oxygen and Sulphur-nucleophiles, Bucherer and Rosenmund reactions, von Richter, Sommelet- Hauser and Smiles rearrangements. S_N1, ion pair, S_N2 mechanisms and evidences. Aliphatic nucleophilic substitutions at an allylic carbon, aliphatic trigonal</td></tr>
</table>

	carbon and vinyl carbon.S_N1, S_N2, S_Ni, and S_E1 mechanism and evidences, Swain- Scott, Grunwald-Winstein relationship - Ambident nucleophiles.
	UNIT-IV: Stereochemistry-I: Introduction to molecular symmetry and chirality – axis, plane, center, alternating axis of symmetry. Optical isomerism due to asymmetric and dissymmetric molecules with C, N, S based chiral centers. Optical purity, prochirality, enantiotopic and diastereotopic atoms, groups, faces, axial and planar chirality, chirality due to helical shape, methods of determining theconfiguration. Racemic modifications: Racemization by thermal, anion, cation, reversible formation, epimerization, mutarotation. D, L system, Cram's and Prelog's rules: R, S-notations, proR, proS, side phase and re phase Cahn-Ingold-Prelog rules, absolute and relative configurations. Configurations of allenes, spiranes, biphenyls, cyclooctene, helicene, binaphthyls, ansa and cyclophanic compounds, exo-cyclic alkylidene-cycloalkanes. Topicity and prostereoisomerism, chiral shift reagents and chiral solvating reagents. Criteria for optical purity: Resolution of racemic modifications, asymmetric transformations, asymmetric synthesis, destruction. Stereoselective and stereospecific synthesis.
	UNIT-V: Stereochemistry-II: Conformation and reactivity of acyclic systems, intramolecular rearrangements, neighbouring group participation, chemical consequence of conformational equilibrium - Curtin-Hammett Principle. Stability of five and six-membered rings: mono-, di- and polysubstituted cyclohexanes, conformation and reactivity in cyclohexane systems. Fused and bridged rings: bicyclic, poly cyclic systems, decalins and Brett's rule. Optical rotation and optical rotatory dispersion, conformational asymmetry, ORD curves, octant rule, configuration and conformation, Cotton effect, axial haloketone rule and determination of configuration.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. J. March and M. Smith, Advanced Organic Chemistry, 5th edition, John-Wiley and Sons.2001. 2. E. S. Gould, Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry, Holt, Rinehart and Winston Inc., 1959. 3. P.S.Kalsi, Stereochemistry of carbon compounds, 8th edition, New Age International Publishers, 2015. 4. P. Y. Bruice, Organic Chemistry, 7th edn, Prentice Hall, 2013. 5. J.Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren, Organic Compounds, 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, 2014.

Reference Books	1. F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry Part-A and B, 5th edition, Kluwer Academic / Plenum Publishers, 2007. 2. D. G. Morris, Stereochemistry, RSC Tutorial Chemistry Text 1, 2001. 3. N.S. Isaacs, Physical Organic Chemistry, ELBS, Longman, UK, 1987. 4. E. L. Eliel, Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds, Tata-McGraw Hill, 2000. 5. I. L. Finar, Organic chemistry, Vol-1 & 2, 6th edition, Pearson Education Asia, 2004.
Website and e-learning source	1.https://sites.google.com/site/chemistryebookscollection02/home/organic-chemistry/organic 2. https://www.organic-chemistry.org/

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able

CLO1: To recall the basic principles of organic chemistry.

CLO2: To understand the formation and detection of reaction intermediates of organic reactions.

CLO3: To predict the reaction mechanism of organic reactions and stereochemistry of organic compounds.

CLO4: To apply the principles of kinetic and non-kinetic methods to determine the mechanism of reactions.

CLO5: To design and synthesize new organic compounds by correlating the stereochemistry of organic compounds.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

Strong - 3 **Medium-2** **Low-1**

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Methods of Evaluation		
Internal Evaluation	Continuous Internal Assessment Test	25 Marks
	Assignments	
	Seminars	
	Attendance and Class Participation	
External Evaluation	End Semester Examination	75 Marks
	Total	100 Marks
Methods of Assessment		
Recall (K1)	Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps, Concept definitions.	
Understand/ Comprehend (K2)	MCQ, True/False, Short essays, Concept explanations, short summary or overview.	
Application (K3)	Suggest idea/concept with examples, suggest formulae, solve problems, Observe, Explain.	
Analyze (K4)	Problem-solving questions, finish a procedure in many steps, Differentiate between various ideas, Map knowledge.	
Evaluate (K5)	Longer essay/ Evaluation essay, Critique or justify with pros and cons.	
Create (K6)	Check knowledge in specific or offbeat situations, Discussion, Debating or Presentations.	

In order to avoid pull the score down of each PO, it is suggested that the usage L-Low (1) to the minimum.
The S, M, L is based on the course outcome. The mapping is based on the revised Bloom's Taxonomy Verbs used to describe your course outcome.

- Remember and Understanding – Lower level
- Apply and Analyze – Medium Level
- Evaluate and Create – Strong Level

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">STRUCTURE AND BONDING IN INORGANIC COMPOUNDS</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core Paper II</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">5</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH102</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="2">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="3">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>5</td><td>2</td><td colspan="2">-</td><td colspan="3">7</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic concepts of Inorganic Chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To determine the structural properties of main group compounds and clusters.
To gain fundamental knowledge on the structural aspects of ionic crystals.
To familiarize various diffraction and microscopic techniques.
To study the effect of point defects and line defects in ionic crystals.
To evaluate the structural aspects of solids.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Structure of main group compounds and clusters: VB theory – Effect of lone pair and electronegativity of atoms (Bent’s rule) on the geometry of the molecules; Structure of silicates - applications of Paulings rule of electrovalence - isomorphous replacements in silicates – ortho, meta and pyro silicates – one dimensional, two dimensional and three-dimensional silicates. Structure of silicones, Structural and bonding features of B-N, S-N and P-N compounds; Poly acids – types, examples and structures; Borane cluster: Structural features of closo, nido, arachano and klado; carboranes, hetero and metalloboranes; Wade’s rule and PSEPT (Styx code) to predict the structure of borane cluster; main group clusters –zintl ions and mno rule. Metal clusters: Structure and bonding of dinuclear cluster Re_2Cl^{2-}</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Solid state chemistry – I: Ionic crystals: Packing of .(Demonstration)ions in simple, hexagonal and cubic close packing, voids in crystal lattice, Radius ratio, Crystal systems and Bravis lattices, Symmetry operations in crystals, glide planes and screw axis; point group and space group; Solid state energetics: Lattice energy – Born-Lande equation - Kapustinski equation, Madelung constant. Slater’s rule, Born-Haber cycle- Factors affecting Lattice Energy.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Solid state chemistry – II: Structural features of the crystal systems: Rock salt, zinc blende & wurtzite, fluorite and anti-fluorite, rutile and anatase, cadmium iodide and nickel arsenide; Spinels -normal and inverse types and perovskite structures. Crystal Growth methods: From melt and solution (hydrothermal, sol-gel methods) – principles and examples.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Techniques in solid state chemistry: X-ray diffraction technique: Bragg’s law, Powder diffraction method – Principle and Instrumentation; Interpretation of XRD data – JCPDS files, Phase purity, Scherrer formula, lattice constants calculation; Systematic absence of</td></tr>
</table>

	reflections; Electron diffraction technique – principle, instrumentation and application. Electron microscopy – difference between optical and electron microscopy, theory, principle, instrumentation, sampling methods and applications of SEM and TEM.
	UNIT-V: Band theory and defects in solids Band theory – features and its application of conductors, insulators and semiconductors, Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors; Defects in crystals – point defects (Schottky, Frenkel, metal excess and metal deficient) and their effect on the electrical and optical property, laser and phosphors; Linear defects and its effects due to dislocations.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. A R West, Solid state Chemistry and its applications, 2ndEdition (Students Edition), John Wiley & Sons Ltd., 2014. 2. A K Bhagi and G R Chatwal, A textbook of inorganic polymers, Himalaya Publishing House, 2001. 3. L Smart, E Moore, Solid State Chemistry – An Introduction, 4th Edition, CRC Press, 2012. 4. K. F. Purcell and J. C. Kotz, Inorganic Chemistry; W.B. Saunders company: Philadelphia, 1977. 5. J. E. Huheey, E. A. Keiter and R. L. Keiter, Inorganic Chemistry; 4th ed.; Harper and Row: NewYork, 1983.
Reference Books	1. D. E. Douglas, D.H. McDaniel and J. J. Alexander, Concepts and Models in Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Ed, 1994. 2. R J D Tilley, Understanding Solids - The Science of Materials, 2nd edition, Wiley Publication, 2013. 3. C N R Rao and J Gopalakrishnan, New Directions in Solid State Chemistry, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 199. 4. T. Moeller, Inorganic Chemistry, A Modern Introduction; John Wiley: New York, 1982. 5. D. F. Shriver, P. W. Atkins and C.H. Langford; Inorganic Chemistry; 3rd ed.; Oxford University Press: London, 2001.
Website and e-learning source	https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/3-091-introduction-to-solid-state-chemistry-fall-2018/video_galleries/lecture-videos/

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able

CO1: Predict the geometry of main group compounds and clusters.
CO2: Explain about the packing of ions in crystals and apply the radius ratio rule to predict the coordination number of cations.
CO3: Understand the various types of ionic crystal systems and analyze their structural features.
CO4: Explain the crystal growth methods.
CO5: To understand the principles of diffraction techniques and microscopic techniques.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">ORGANIC CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core Practical I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH1P1</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="2">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>-</td><td>1</td><td colspan="2">5</td><td colspan="2">6</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic concepts of organic chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the concept of separation, qualitative analysis and preparation of organic compounds.
To develop analytical skill in the handling of chemical reagents for separation of binary and ternary organic mixtures.
To analyze the separated organic components systematically and derivatize them suitably.
To construct suitable experimental setup for the organic preparations involving two stages.
To experiment different purification and drying techniques for the compound processing.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Separation and analysis:
A. Two component mixtures.
B. Three component mixtures. (Demonstration)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Estimations:

a) Estimation of Phenol (bromination)
b) Estimation of Aniline (bromination)
c) Estimation of Ethyl methyl ketone (iodimetry)
d) Estimation of Glucose (redox)
e) Estimation of Ascorbic acid (iodimetry)
f) Estimation of Aromatic nitro groups (reduction)
g) Estimation of Glycine (acidimetry)
h) Estimation of Formalin (iodimetry)
i) Estimation of Acetyl group in ester (alkalimetry)
j) Estimation of Hydroxyl group (acetylation)
k) Estimation of Amino group (acetylation)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Two stage preparations:
a) p-Bromoacetanilide from aniline
b) p-Nitroaniline from acetanilide
c) 1,3,5-Tribromobenzene from aniline
d) Acetyl salicyclic acid from methyl salicylate
e) Benzilic acid from benzoin
f) m-Nitroaniline from nitrobenzene
g) m-Nitrobenzoic acid from methyl benzoate</td></tr>
<tr><td>Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only,</td><td colspan="7">Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved
(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</td></tr>
</table>

Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. A R West, Solid state Chemistry and its applications, 2ndEdition (Students Edition), John Wiley & Sons Ltd., 2014. 2. A K Bhagi and G R Chatwal, A textbook of inorganic polymers, Himalaya Publishing House, 2001. 3. L Smart, E Moore, Solid State Chemistry – An Introduction, 4th Edition, CRC Press, 2012.
Reference Books	1. D. E. Douglas, D.H. McDaniel and J. J. Alexander, Concepts and Models in Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Ed, 1994. 2. R J D Tilley, Understanding Solids - The Science of Materials, 2nd edition, Wiley Publication, 2013. 3. C N R Rao and J Gopalakrishnan, New Directions in Solid State Chemistry, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 199.
Website and e-learning source	https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/3-091-introduction-to-solid-state-chemistry-fall-2018/video_galleries/lecture-videos/

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
Students will be able:

CO1: To recall the basic principles of organic separation, qualitative analysis and preparation.
CO2: To explain the method of separation and analysis of separated organic mixtures and convert them as derivatives by suitable preparation method.
CO3: To determine the characteristics of separation of organic compounds by various chemical reactions.
CO4: To develop strategies to separate, analyze and prepare organic compounds.
CO5: To formulate a method of separation, analysis of organic mixtures and design suitable procedure for organic preparations.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">BIO-INORGANIC CHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">3</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH1:A</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="2">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>5</td><td>-</td><td colspan="2">-</td><td colspan="2">5</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the role of trace elements.
To understand the biological significance of iron & sulpur.
To study the toxicity of metals in medicines.
To have knowledge on diagnostic agents.
To discuss on various metalloenzymes properties.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Essential trace elements: Selective transport and storage of metal ions: Ferritin, Transferrin and sidorphores; Sodium and potassium transport, Calcium signalling proteins. Metalloenzymes: Zinc enzymes–carboxypeptidase and carbonic anhydrase. Iron enzymes–catalase, peroxidase. Copper enzymes – superoxide dismutase, Plast ocyanin, Ceruloplasmin, Tyrosinase. Coenzymes - Vitamin-B12 coenzymes.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Transport Proteins: Oxygen carriers -Hemoglobin and myoglobin - Structure and oxygenation Bohr Effect. Binding of CO, NO, CN– to Myoglobin and Hemoglobin. Biological redox system: Cytochromes-Classification, cytochrome a, b and c. Cytochrome P-450. Non-heme oxygen carriers-Hemerythrin and hemocyanin. Iron-sulphur proteins- Rubredoxin and Ferredoxin- Structure and classification.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Nitrogen fixation-Introduction, types of nitrogen fixing microorganisms. Nitrogenase enzyme - Metal clusters in nitrogenase-redox property - Dinitrogen complexes transition metal complexes of dinitrogen - nitrogen fixation via nitride formation and reduction of dinitrogen to ammonia. Photosynthesis: photosystem-I and photosystem-II-chlorophylls structure and function.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Metals in medicine: Metal Toxicity of Hg, Cd, Zn, Pb, As, Sb. Therapeutic Compounds: Vanadium-Based Diabetes Drugs; Platinum-Containing Anticancer Agents. Chelation therapy; Cancer treatment. Diagnostic Agents: Technetium Imaging Agents; Gadolinium MRI Imaging Agents. temperature and critical magnetic Field.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-V: Enzymes -Introduction and properties -nomenclature and classification. Enzyme kinetics, free energy of activation and the effects of catalysis. Michelis - Menton equation - Effect of pH, temperature on enzyme reactions. Factors contributing to the efficiency of enzyme.</td></tr>
</table>

Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. Williams,D.R. –Introdution to Bioinorganic chemistry. 2. F.M. Fiabre and D.R. Williams– The Principles of Bioinorganic Chemistry,RoyolSoceity of Chemistry, Monograph for Teachers-31 3. K.F. Purcell and Kotz., Inorganic chemistry, WB Saunders Co., USA. 4. G.N. Mugherjea and Arabinda Das, Elements of Bioinorganic Chemistry - 1993. 5. R. Gopalan, V. Ramalingam, *Concise Coordination Chemistry*, S. Chand, **2001**.
Reference Books	1. M.Satake and Y.Mido, Bioinorganic Chemistry- Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi (1996) 2. M.N. Hughes, 1982, The Inorganic Chemistry of Biological processes, II Edition, Wiley London. 3. R. W. Hay, Bio Inorganic Chemistry, Ellis Horwood, 1987. 4. R. M. Roat-Malone, Bio Inorganic Chemistry, John Wiley, 2002. 5. T. M. Loehr, Iron carriers and Iron proteins, VCH, 1989.
Website and e-learning source	1. https://www.pdfdrive.com/instant-notes-in-inorganic-chemistry-the-instant-notes-chemistry-series-d162097454.html 2. https://www.pdfdrive.com/shriver-and-atkins-inorganic-chemistry-5th-edition-d161563417.html

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:
CO1: The students will be able to analyses trace elements.
CO2: Students will be able to explain the biological redox systems.
CO3: Students will gain skill in analyzing the toxicity in metals.
CO4: Students will have experience in diagnosis.
CO5: Learn about the nitrogen fixation and photosynthetic mechanism.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">NANO MATERIALS AND NANO TECHNOLOGY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">3</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH1:B</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of crystallography and material science</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the concept of nano materials and nano technology.
To understand the various types of nano materials and their properties.
To understand the applications of synthetically important nano materials.
To correlate the characteristics of various nano materials synthesized by new technologies.
To design synthetic routes for synthetically used new nano materials.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Introduction of nanomaterials and nanotechnologies, Introduction-role of size, classification-0D, 1D, 2D, 3D. Synthesis-Bottom –Up, Top–Down, consolidation of Nano powders. Features of nanostructures, Background of nanostructures. Techniques of synthesis of nanomaterials, Tools of the nanoscience. Applications of nanomaterials and technologies.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Bonding and structure of the nanomaterials, Predicting the Type of Bonding in a Substance crystal structure. Metallic nanoparticles, Surfaces of Materials, Nanoparticle Size and Properties. Synthesis-Physical and chemical methods - inert gas condensation, arc discharge, laser ablation, sol-gel, solvothermal and hydrothermal-CVD-types, metallo organic, plasma enhanced, and low-pressure CVD. Microwave assisted and electrochemical synthesis.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Mechanical properties of materials, theories relevant to mechanical properties. Techniques to study mechanical properties of nanomaterials, adhesion and friction, thermal properties of nanomaterials Nanoparticles: gold and silver, metal oxides: silica, iron oxide and alumina - synthesis and properties.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Electrical properties, Conductivity and Resistivity, Classification of Materials based on Conductivity, magnetic properties, electronic properties of materials. Classification of magnetic phenomena. Semiconductor materials – classification-Ge, Si, GaAs, SiC, GaN, GaP, CdS,PbS. Identification of materials as p and n –type semiconductor-Hall effect - quantum and anomalous, Hall voltage - interpretation of charge carrier density. Applications of semiconductors: p-n junction as transistors and rectifiers, photovoltaic and photogalvanic cell.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-V: Nano thin films, nanocomposites. Application of nanoparticles in different fields. Core-shell nanoparticles - types, synthesis, and properties. Nanocomposites - metal-, ceramic- and polymer-matrix composites-applications. Characterization – SEM, TEM and AFM - principle,</td></tr>
</table>

	instrumentation and applications.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. S.Mohan and V. Arjunan, Principles of Materials Science, MJP Publishers, 2016. 2. Arumugam, Materials Science, Anuradha Publications,2007. 3. Giacavazzo et. al., Fundamentals of Crystallography, International Union of Crystallography. Oxford Science Publications, 2010 4. Woolfson, An Introduction to Crystallography, Cambridge University Press, 2012. 5. James F. Shackelford and Madanapalli K. Muralidhara, Introduction to Materials Science for Engineers. 6th ed., PEARSON Press, 2007.
Reference Books	1. S.Mohan and V. Arjunan, Principles of Materials Science, MJP Publishers, 2016. 2. Arumugam, Materials Science, Anuradha Publications,2007. 3. Giacavazzo et. al., Fundamentals of Crystallography, International Union of Crystallography. Oxford Science Publications, 2010 4. Woolfson, An Introduction to Crystallography, Cambridge University Press, 2012. 5. James F. Shackelford and Madanapalli K. Muralidhara, Introduction to Materials Science for Engineers. 6th ed., PEARSON Press, 2007.
Website and e-learning source	1. http://xrayweb.chem.ou.edu/notes/symmetry.html. 2. http://www.uptti.ac.in/classroom-content/data/unit%20cell.pdf.

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To explain methods of fabricating nanostructures.

CO2: To relate the unique properties of nanomaterials to reduce dimensionality of the material.

CO3: To describe tools for properties of nanostructures.

CO4: To discuss applications of nanomaterials.

CO5: To understand the health and safety related to nanomaterial.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective II</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">3</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH1:C</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of spectroscopy</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the influence of rotation and vibrations on the spectra of the polyatomic molecules.
To study the principle of Raman spectroscopy, ESR spectroscopy, EPR spectroscopy and fragmentation patterns in Mass spectroscopy.
To highlight the significance of Franck-Condon principle to interpret the selection rule, intensity and types of electronic transitions.
To interpret the first and second order NMR spectra in terms of splitting and coupling patterns using correlation techniques such as COSY, HETCOR, NOESY.
To carry out the structural elucidation of molecules using different spectral techniques.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Rotational and Raman Spectroscopy: Rotational spectra of diatomic and polyatomic molecules. Intensities of rotational spectral lines, effect of isotopic substitution. Non-rigid rotators. Classical theory of the Raman effect, polarizability as a tensor, polarizability ellipsoids, quantum theory of the Raman effect, Pure rotational Raman spectra of linear and asymmetric top molecules, Stokes and anti-Stokes lines. Vibrational Raman spectra, Raman activity of vibrations, rule of mutual exclusion, rotational fine structure-O and S branches, Polarization of Raman scattered photons.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Vibrational Spectroscopy: Vibrations of molecules, harmonic and anharmonic oscillators- vibrational energy expression, energy level diagram, vibrational wave functions and their symmetry, selection rules, expression for the energies of spectral lines, computation of intensities, hot bands, effect of isotopic substitution. Diatomic vibrating rotor, vibrational-rotational spectra of diatomic molecules, P, R branches, breakdown of the Born-Oppenheimer approximation. Vibrations of polyatomic molecules – symmetry properties, overtone and combination frequencies. Influence of rotation on vibrational spectra of polyatomic molecule, P, Q, R branches, parallel and perpendicular vibrations of linear and symmetric top molecules.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Electronic spectroscopy: Electronic Spectroscopy: Electronic spectroscopy of diatomic molecules, Frank-Condon principle, dissociation and predissociation spectra. $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$, $n \rightarrow \pi^*$ transitions and their selection rules. Photoelectron Spectroscopy: Basic principles, photoelectron spectra of simple molecules, Xray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS). Lasers: Laser action, population inversion, properties of laser radiation, examples of simple laser systems.</td></tr>
</table>

	UNIT-IV: NMR and ESR spectroscopy: Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shifts: electronegativity and electrostatic effects; Mechanism of shielding and deshielding. Spin systems: First order and second order coupling of AB systems, Simplification of complex spectra. Spin-spin interactions: Homonuclear coupling interactions - AX, AX2, AB types. Vicinal, germinal and long-range coupling-spin decoupling. Nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE), Factors influencing coupling constants and Relative intensities. 13CNMR and structural correlations, Satellites. Brief introduction to 2D NMR – COSY, NOESY. Introduction to 31P, 19F NMR. ESR spectroscopy Characteristic features of ESR spectra, line shapes and line widths; ESR spectrometer. The g value and the hyperfine coupling parameter (A), origin of hyperfine interaction. Interpretation of ESR spectra and structure elucidation of organic radicals using ESR spectroscopy; Spin orbit coupling and significance of g-tensors, zero/non-zero field splitting, Kramer's degeneracy, application to transition metal complexes (having one to five unpaired electrons) including biological molecules and inorganic free radicals. ESR spectra of magnetically dilute samples.
	UNIT-V: Mass Spectrometry, EPR and Mossbauer Spectroscopy: Ionization techniques- Electron ionization (EI), chemical ionization (CI), desorption ionization (FAB/MALDI), electrospray ionization (ESI), isotope abundance, molecular ion, fragmentation processes of organic molecules, deduction of structure through mass spectral fragmentation, high resolution. Effect of isotopes on the appearance of mass spectrum. EPR spectra of anisotropic systems - anisotropy in g-value, causes of anisotropy, anisotropy in hyperfine coupling, hyperfine splitting caused by quadrupole nuclei. Zero-field splitting (ZFS) and Kramer's degeneracy. Applications of EPR to organic and inorganic systems. Structural elucidation of organic compounds by combined spectral techniques. Principle of Mossbauer spectroscopy: Doppler shift, recoil energy. Isomer shift, quadrupole splitting, magnetic interactions. Applications: Mossbauer spectra of high and low-spin Fe and Sn compounds.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.

Recommended Text	1. C. N. Banwell and E. M. McCash, *Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy*, 4th Ed., Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2000. 2. R. M. Silverstein and F. X. Webster, *Spectroscopic Identification of Organic Compounds*, 6th Ed., John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2003. 3. W. Kemp, *Applications of Spectroscopy*, English Language Book Society, 1987. 4. D. H. Williams and I. Fleming, *Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry*, 4th Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1988. 5. R. S. Drago, *Physical Methods in Chemistry*; Saunders: Philadelphia, 1992.
Reference Books	1. P.W. Atkins and J. de Paula, *Physical Chemistry*, 7th Ed., Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2002. 2. I. N. Levine, *Molecular Spectroscopy*, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1974. 3. A. Rahman, *Nuclear Magnetic Resonance-Basic Principles*, Springer-Verlag, New York,1986. 4. K. Nakamoto, *Infrared and Raman Spectra of Inorganic and coordination Compounds*, PartB: 5th ed., John Wiley& Sons Inc., New York, 1997. 5. J. A. Weil, J. R. Bolton and J. E. Wertz, *Electron Paramagnetic Resonance*; Wiley Interscience, 1994.
Website and e-learning source	1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cy08/preview 2. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/104106122/L14.html

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To understand the importance of rotational and Raman spectroscopy.

CO2: To apply the vibrational spectroscopic techniques to diatomic and polyatomic molecules.

CO3: To evaluate different electronic spectra of simple molecules using electronic spectroscopy.

CO4: To outline the NMR, ^{13}C NMR, 2D NMR – COSY, NOESY, Introduction to ^{31}P, ^{19}F NMR and ESR spectroscopic techniques.

CO5: To develop the knowledge on principle, instrumentation and structural elucidation of simple molecules using Mass Spectrometry, EPR and Mossbauer Spectroscopy techniques.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective II</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">3</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH1:D</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of medicinal chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To study the chemistry behind the development of pharmaceutical materials.
To gain knowledge on mechanism and action of drugs.
To understand the need of antibiotics and usage of drugs.
To familiarize with the mode of action of diabetic agents and treatment of diabetes.
To identify and apply the action of various antibiotics.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Introduction to receptors: Introduction, targets, Agonist, antagonist, partial agonist. Receptors, Receptor types, Theories of Drug – receptor interaction, Drug synergism, Drug resistance, physicochemical factors influencing drug action.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Antibiotics: Introduction, Targets of antibiotics action, classification of antibiotics, enzyme-based mechanism of action, SAR of penicllins and tetracyclins, clinical application of penicillins, cephalosporin.Current trends in antibiotic therapy.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Anti-hypertensive agents and diuretics: Classification of cardiovascular agents, introduction to hypertension, etiology, types, classification of antihypertensive agents, classification and mechanism of action of diuretics, Furosemide, Hydrochlorothiazide, Amiloride.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Anti-diabetics agents : Medicinal Chemistry of Antidiabetic Agents Introduction, Types of diabetics, Drugs used for the treatment, chemical classification, Mechanism of action, Treatment of diabetic mellitus. Chemistry of insulin, sulfonyl urea.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-V: Analgesics, Antipyretics and Anti-inflammatory Drugs: Introduction, Mechanism of inflammation, classification and mechanism of action and paracetamol, Ibuprofen, Diclofenac, naproxen, indomethacin, phenylbutazone and meperidine.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)</td><td colspan="7">Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved
(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Skills acquired from this course</td><td colspan="7">Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Recommended</td><td colspan="7">1. Wilson and Gisvold's textbook of organic medicinal and</td></tr>
</table>

Text	pharmaceutical chemistry, 2. Wilson, Charles Owens: Beale, John Marlowe; Block, John H, Lipincott William, 12th edition, 2011. 3. Graham L. Patrick, An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, 5th edition, Oxford University Press, 2013. Jayashree Ghosh, A text book of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, S. Chand and Co. Ltd, 1999, 1999 edn. 4. O. LeRoy, Natural and synthetic organic medicinal compounds, Ealemi, 1976. 5.S. Ashutosh Kar, Medicinal Chemistry, Wiley Eastern Limited, New Delhi, 1993, New edn.
Reference Books	1. Foye's Princles of Medicinal Chemistry, Lipincott Williams, Seventh Edition, 2012 2. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, Drug Discovery and Development, Donald J. Abraham, David P. Rotella, Alfred Burger, Academic press, 2010. 3. Wilson and Gisvold's Textbook of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, John M. Beale Jr and John M. Block, Wolters Kluwer, 2011, 12th edn. 4. P. Parimoo, A Textbook of Medical Chemistry, New Delhi: CBS Publishers.1995. 5. S. Ramakrishnan, K. G. Prasannan and R. Rajan, Textbook of Medical Biochemistry, Hyderabad: Orient Longman. 3rd edition, 2001.
Website and e-learning source	1. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK482447/ 2. https://training.seer.cancer.gov/treatment/chemotherapy/types.html 3. https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-medicinal-chemistry-12908

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: Predict a drugs properties based on its structure.

CO2: Describe the factors that affect its absorption, distribution, metabolism, and excretion, and hence the considerations to be made in drug design.

CO3: Explain the relationship between drug's chemical structure and its therapeutic properties.

CO4: Designed to give the knowledge of different theories of drug actions at molecular level.

CO5: To identify different targets for the development of new drugs for the treatment of infectious and GIT.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">ORGANIC REACTION MECHANISM - II</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core Paper III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">5</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH203</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>II</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="2">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>2</td><td colspan="2">-</td><td colspan="2">6</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of organic chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the concept of aromaticity in benzenoid, non-benzenoid, heterocyclic and annulene compounds.
To understand the mechanism involved in various types of organic reactions with evidences.
To understand the applications of synthetically important reagents.
To correlate the reactivity between aliphatic and aromatic compounds.
To design synthetic routes for synthetically used organic reactions.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Elimination and Free Radical Reactions: Mechanisms: E2, E1, and E1cB mechanisms. Syn- and anti-eliminations. Orientation of the double bond: Hoffmann and Saytzeff rules. Reactivity: Effect of substrate, attacking bases, leaving group and medium. Stereochemistry of eliminations in acyclic and cyclic systems, pyrolytic elimination. Long lived and short-lived radicals – Production of radicals by thermal and photochemical reactions, Detection and stability of radicals, characteristics of free radical reactions and free radical, reactions of radicals; polymerization, addition, halogenations, aromatic substitutions, rearrangements. Reactivity: Reactivity on aliphatic, aromatic substrates, reactivity in the attacking radical, effect of solvent.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Oxidation and Reduction Reactions: Mechanisms: Direct electron transfer, hydride transfer, hydrogen transfer, displacement, addition-elimination, oxidative and reductive coupling reactions. Mechanism of oxidation reactions: Dehydrogenation by quinones, selenium dioxides, ferricyanide, mercuric acetate lead tetraacetate, permanganate, manganese dioxide, osmium tetroxide, oxidation of saturated hydrocarbons, alkyl groups, alcohols, halides and amines. Reactions involving cleavage of C-C bonds - cleavage of double bonds, oxidative decarboxylation, allylic oxidation, oxidation by chromium trioxide-pyridine, DMSO-Oxalyl chloride (Swern oxidation) and Corey-Kim oxidation, dimethyl sulphoxide-dicyclohexyl carbodiimide (DMSO-DCCD). Mechanism of reduction reactions: Wolff-Kishner, Clemmenson, Rosenmund, reduction with Trialkyl and triphenyltin hydrides, McFadyen-Steven’s reduction, Homogeneous hydrogenation, Hydroboration with cyclic systems, MPV and Bouveault-Blanc reduction.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Rearrangements: Rearrangements to electron deficient carbon: Pinacol-pinacolone and semi-pinacolone rearrangements -applications and stereochemistry, Wagner-Meerwein, Demjanov, Dienone-phenol, Baker-Venkataraman, Benzilic acid and Wolff rearrangements. Rearrangements to electron deficient nitrogen: Hofmann, Curtius, Schmidt, Lossen, Beckmann</td></tr>
</table>

	and abnormal Beckmann rearrangements. Rearrangements to electron deficient oxygen: Baeyer-Villiger oxidation and Dakin rearrangements. Rearrangements to electron rich atom: Favorskii, Quasi-Favorskii, Stevens, [1,2]-Wittig and [2,3]-Wittig rearrangements. Fries and Photo Fries rearrangement. Intramolecular rearrangements – Claisen, abnormal Claisen, Cope, oxy-Cope Benzidine rearrangements.
	UNIT-IV: Addition to Carbon Multiple Bonds: Mechanisms: (a) Addition to carbon-carbon multiple bonds- Addition reactions involving electrophiles, nucleophiles, free radicals, carbenes and cyclic mechanisms-Orientation and reactivity, hydrogenation of double and triple bonds, Michael reaction, addition of oxygen and Nitrogen; (b) Addition to carbon-hetero atom multiple bonds: Mannich reaction, acids, esters, nitrites, addition of Grignard reagents, Wittig reaction, Prins reaction. Stereochemical aspects of addition reactions. Addition to Carbon-Hetero atom Multiplebonds: Addition of Grignard reagents, organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and unsaturated carbonyl compounds. Mechanism of condensation reactions involving enolates –Stobbe reactions. Hydrolysis of esters and amides, ammonolysis of esters.
	UNIT-V: Reagents and Modern Synthetic Reactions: Lithium diisopropylamine (LDA), Azobisisobutyronitrile (AIBN), Sodium cyanoborohydride ($NaBH_3CN$), *meta*-Chloroperbenzoic acid (m-CPBA), Dimethyl aminiopyridine (DMAP), n-Bu_3SnD, Triethylamine (TEA), Diazobicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU), Diisopropylazodicarboxylate (DIAD), Diethylazodicarboxylate (DEAD), *N*-bromosuccinimide (NBS), Trifluoroacetic acid (TFA), Tetramethyl piperiridin-1-oxyl (TEMPO), Phenyltrimethylammonium tribromide (PTAB). Diazomethane and Zn-Cu, Diethyl maleate (DEM), Copper diacetylacetonate ($Cu(acac)_2$), $TiCl_3$, $NaIO_4$, Pyridinium chlorochromate (PCC), Pyridinium dichromate (PDC), Meisenheimer complex**.** Suzuki coupling, Heck reaction, Negishi reaction, Baylis-Hillman reaction.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.

Recommended Text	1. J. March and M. Smith, *Advanced Organic Chemistry*, 5th ed., John-Wiley and Sons. 2001. 2. E. S. Gould, *Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry*, Holt, Rinehart and Winston Inc., 1959. 3. P. S. Kalsi, *Stereochemistry of carbon compounds*, 8thedn, New Age International Publishers, 2015. 4. P. Y.Bruice, *Organic Chemistry*, 7thedn.,Prentice Hall, 2013. 5. R. T. Morrison, R. N. Boyd, S. K. Bhattacharjee*Organic Chemistry*, 7th edn., Pearson Education, 2010.
Reference Books	1. S. H. Pine, *Organic Chemistry*, 5thedn, McGraw Hill International Editionn, 1987. 2. L. F. Fieser and M. Fieser, *Organic Chemistry*, Asia Publishing House, Bombay, 2000. 3. E.S. Gould, *Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry*, Holt, Rinehart and Winston Inc., 1959. 4. T. L. Gilchrist, *Heterocyclic Chemistry*, Longman Press, 1989. 5. J. A. Joule and K. Mills, *Heterocyclic Chemistry*, 4thed., John-Wiley, 2010.
Website and e-learning source	1.https://sites.google.com/site/chemistryebookscollection02/home/organic-chemistry/organic 2. https://www.organic-chemistry.org/
Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able: **CO1**: To recall the basic principles of aromaticity of organic and heterocyclic compounds. **CO2**: To understand the mechanism of various types of organic reactions. **CO3**: To predict the suitable reagents for the conversion of selective organic compounds. **CO4**: To correlate the principles of substitution, elimination, and addition reactions. **CO5**: To design new routes to synthesis organic compounds.	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-I</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core Paper IV</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td>Credits</td><td>5</td><td>Course Code</td><td>P23CH204</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>II</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>2</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">6</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic concepts of physical chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To recall the fundamentals of thermodynamics and the composition of partial molar quantities.
To understand the classical and statistical approach of the functions
To compare the significance of Maxwell-Boltzman, Fermi-Dirac and Bose-Einstein
To correlate the theories of reaction rates for the evaluation of thermodynamic parameters.
To study the mechanism and kinetics of reactions.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Classical Thermodynamics: Partial molar properties-Chemical potential, Gibb’s- Duhem equation-binary and ternary systems. Determination of partial molar quantities. Thermodynamics of real gases - Fugacity- determination of fugacity by graphical and equation of state methods-dependence of temperature, pressure and composition. Thermodynamics of ideal and non-ideal binary mixtures, Duhem - Margulus equation applications of ideal and non-ideal mixtures. Activity and activity coefficients-standard states - determination-vapour pressure, EMF and freezing point methods.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Statistical thermodynamics: Introduction of statistical thermodynamics concepts of thermodynamic and mathematical probabilities-distribution of distinguishable and non-distinguishable particles. Assemblies, ensembles, canonical particles. Maxwell - Boltzmann, Fermi Dirac & Bose-Einstein Statistics- comparison and applications. Partition functions-evaluation of translational, vibrational and rotational partition functions for monoatomic, diatomic and polyatomic ideal gases. Thermodynamic functions in terms of partition functions-calculation of equilibrium constants. Statistical approach to Thermodynamic properties: pressure, internal energy, entropy, enthalpy, Gibb’s function, Helmholtz function residual entropy, equilibrium constants and equipartition principle. Heat capacity of mono and di atomic gases-ortho and para hydrogen. Heat capacity of solids-Einstein and Debye models.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Irreversible Thermodynamics: Theories of conservation of mass and energy entropy production in open systems by heat, matter and current flow, force and flux concepts. Onsager theory-validity and verification- Onsager reciprocal relationships. Electro kinetic and thermo mechanical effects-Application of irreversible thermodynamics to biological systems.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Kinetics of Reactions: Theories of reactions-effect of temperature on reaction rates, collision theory of reaction rates,</td></tr>
</table>

	Unimolecular reactions -Lindeman and Christiansen hypothesis-molecular beams, collision cross sections, effectiveness of collisions, Potential energy surfaces. Transition state theory-evaluation of thermodynamic parameters of activation-applications of ARRT to reactions between atoms and molecules, time and true order-kinetic parameter evaluation. Factors determine the reaction rates in solution - primary salt effect and secondary salt effect, Homogeneous catalysis-acid- base catalysis-mechanism of acid base catalyzed reactions-Bronsted catalysis law, enzyme catalysis-Michelis-Menton catalysis.
	UNIT-V: Kinetics of complex and fast reactions: Kinetics of complex reactions, reversible reactions, consecutive reactions, parallel reactions, chain reactions. Chain reactions-chain length, kinetics of $H_2 – Cl_2$ & $H_2 – Br_2$ reactions (Thermal and Photochemical reactions) - Rice Herzfeld mechanism. Study of fast reactions-relaxation methods- temperature and pressure jump methods - stopped flow flash photolysis methods and pulse radiolysis. Kinetics of polymerization-free radical, cationic, anionic polymerization - Polycondensation.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. J. Rajaram and J.C. Kuriacose, Thermodynamics for Students of Chemistry, 2nd edition,S.L.N.Chand and Co., Jalandhar, 1986. 2. I.M. Klotz and R.M. Rosenberg, Chemical thermodynamics, 6th edition, W.A. BenjaminPublishers, California, 1972. 3. M.C. Gupta, Statistical Thermodynamics, New Age International, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1995. 4. K.J. Laidler, Chemical Kinetics, 3rd edition, Pearson, Reprint - 2013. 5. J. Rajaram and J.C. Kuriokose, Kinetics and Mechanisms of chemical transformation,M acmillan India Ltd, Reprint - 2011.
Reference Books	1. D.A. Mcqurrie And J.D. Simon, Physical Chemistry - A Molecular Approach, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1999. 2. R.P. Rastogi and R.R. Misra, Classical Thermodynamics, Vikas Publishing, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1990. 3. S.H. Maron and J.B. Lando, Fundamentals of Physical Chemistry, Macmillan Publishers, New York, 1974 4. K.B. Ytsiimiriski, “Kinetic Methods of Analysis”, Pergamom Press,1996. 5. Gurdeep Raj, Phase rule, Goel Publishing House, 2011.
Website and e-learning source	1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103112/ 2. https://bit.ly/3tL3GdN

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:
CO1: To explain the classical and statistical concepts of thermodynamics.
CO2: To compare and correlate the thermodynamic concepts to study the kinetics of chemical reactions.
CO3: To discuss the various thermodynamic and kinetic determination.
CO4: To evaluate the thermodynamic methods for real gases ad mixtures.
CO5: To compare the theories of reactions rates and fast reactions.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="8">INORGANIC CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="8">Core Practical II</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td>Credits</td><td>4</td><td>Course Code</td><td colspan="2">P23CH2P2</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>II</td><td colspan="5"></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="3">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>-</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">5</td><td colspan="3">6</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="8">Basic principles of gravimetric and qualitative analysis</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="8">To understand and enhance the visual observation as an analytical tool for the quantitative estimation of ions.
To recall the principle and theory in preparing standard solutions.
To train the students for improving their skill in estimating the amount of ion accurately present in the solution
To estimate metal ions, present in the given solution accurately without using instruments.
To determine the amount of ions, present in a binary mixture accurately.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Course Outline</td><td colspan="8">UNIT-I: Analysis of mixture of cations: Analysis of a mixture of four cations containing two common cations and two rare cations. Cations to be tested.
Group-I : W, Tl and Pb.
Group-II : Se, Te, Mo, Cu, Bi and Cd.
Group-III : Tl, Ce, Th, Zr, V, Cr, Fe, Ti and U.
Group-IV : Zn, Ni, Co and Mn.
Group-V : Ca, Ba and Sr.
Group-VI : Li and Mg.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-II: Preparation of metal complexes: Preparation of inorganic complexes:
a. Preparation of tristhioureacopper(I)sulphate
b. Preparation of potassium trioxalate chromate(III)
c. Preparation of tetramminecopper(II) sulphate
d. Preparation of Reineck’s salt
e. Preparation of hexathioureacopper(I) chloridedihydrate
f. Preparation of cis-Potassium tri oxalate diaquachromate(III)
g. Preparation of sodium trioxalatoferrate(III)
h. Preparation of hexathiourealead(II) nitrate</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-III: Complexometric Titration:
1. Estimation of zinc, nickel, magnesium, and calcium.
2. Estimation of mixture of metal ions-pH control, masking and demasking agents.
3. Determination of calcium and lead in a mixture (pH control).
4. Determination of manganese in the presence of iron.
5. Determination of nickel in the presence of iron.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external</td><td colspan="8">Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved
(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</td></tr>
</table>

examination question paper)	
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. A. JeyaRajendran, Microanalytical Techniques in Chemistry: Inorganic Qualitative Analysis, United global publishers, 2021. 2. V. V. Ramanujam, *Inorganic Semimicro Qualitative Analysis*; 3rded., The National Publishing Company, Chennai, 1974. 3. *Vogel's Text book of Inorganic Qualitative Analysis,* 4thed., ELBS, London.
Reference Books	1. G. Pass, and H. Sutcliffe, *Practical Inorganic Chemistry*; Chapman Hall, 1965. 2. W. G. Palmer, Experimental *Inorganic Chemistry*; Cambridge University Press, 1954.

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To identify the anions and cations present in a mixture of salts.

CO2: To apply the principles of semi micro qualitative analysis to categorize acid radicals and basic radicals.

CO3: To acquire the qualitative analytical skills by selecting suitable confirmatory tests and spot tests.

CO4: To choose the appropriate chemical reagents for the detection of anions and cations.

CO5: To synthesize coordination compounds in good quality.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">ELECTROCHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">3</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH2:A</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>II</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>3</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">4</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of electrochemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the behavior of electrolytes in terms of conductance, ionic atmosphere, interactions.
To familiarize the structure of the electrical double layer of different models.
To compare electrodes between current density and over potential.
To discuss the mechanism of electrochemical reactions.
To highlight the different types of over voltages and its applications in electroanalytical techniques.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Ionics: Arrhenius theory -limitations, van’t Hoff factor and its relation to colligative properties. Deviation from ideal behavior. Ionic activity, mean ionic activity and mean ionic activity coefficient-concept of ionic strength, Debye Huckel theory of strong electrolytes, activity coefficient of strong electrolytes Determination of activity coefficient ion solvent and ion-ion interactions. Born equation. Debye-Huckel Bjerrum model. Derivation of Debye-Huckel limiting law at appreciable concentration of electrolytes modifications and applications. Electrolytic conduction-Debye-Huckel Onsager treatment of strong electrolyte-qualitative and quantitative verification and limitations. Evidence for ionic atmosphere. Ion association and triple ion formations.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Electrode-electrolyte interface: Interfacial phenomena - Evidences for electrical double layer, polarizable and non-polarizable interfaces, Electrocapillary phenomena - Lippmann equation electro capillary curves. Electro-kinetic phenomena electro-osmosis, electrophoresis, streaming and sedimentation potentials, colloidal and poly electrolytes. Structure of double layer: Helmholtz -Perrin, Guoy-Chapman and Stern models of electrical double layer. Zeta potential and potential at zero charge. Applications and limitations.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Electrodics of Elementary Electrode Reactions: Behavior of electrodes: Standard electrodes and electrodes at equilibrium. Anodic and Cathodic currents, condition for the discharge of ions. Nernst equation, polarizable and non-polarizable electrodes. Model of three electrode system, over potential. Rate of electro chemical reactions: Rates of simple elementary reactions. Butler-Volmer equation-significance of exchange current density, net current density and symmetry factor. Low and high field approximations. symmetry factor and transfer coefficient Tafel equations and Tafel plots.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Electrodics of Multistep Multi Electron System: Rates of multi-step electrode reactions, Butler - Volmer equation for a multi-step reaction. Rate determining step, electrode polarization and depolarization. Transfer coefficients, its significance and determination,</td></tr>
</table>

	Stoichiometric number. Electro-chemical reaction mechanisms-rate expressions, order, and surface coverage. Reduction of I^{3-}, Fe^{2+}, and dissolution of Fe to Fe^{2+}. Overvoltage - Chemical and electro chemical, Phase, activation and concentration over potentials. Evolution of oxygen and hydrogen at different pH. Pourbiax and Evan's diagrams.
	UNIT-V: Concentration Polarization, Batteries and Fuel cells: Modes of Transport of electro active species - Diffusion, migration and hydrodynamic modes. Role of supporting electrolytes. Polarography-principle and applications. Principle of square wave polarography. Cyclic voltammetry- anodic and cathodic stripping voltammetry and differential pulse voltammetry. Sodium and lithium-ion batteries and redox flow batteries. Mechanism of charge storage: conversion and alloying. Capacitors- mechanism of energy storage, charging at constant current and constant voltage. Energy production systems: Fuel Cells: classification, alkaline fuel cells, phosphoric acid fuel cells, high temperature fuel cells.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	**Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive** examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. D. R. Crow, Principles and applications of electrochemistry, 4th edition, Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2014. 2. J. Rajaram and J.C. Kuriakose, Kinetics and Mechanism of chemical transformations Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi, 2011. 3. S. Glasstone, Electro chemistry, Affiliated East-West Press, Pvt., Ltd., New Delhi, 2008. 4. B. Viswanathan, S. Sundaram, R. Venkataraman, K. Rengarajan and P.S. Raghavan, Electrochemistry-Principles and applications, S. Viswanathan Printers, Chennai,2007. 5. Joseph Wang, Analytical Electrochemistry, 2nd edition, Wiley, 2004.
Reference Books	1. J.O.M. Bockris and A.K.N. Reddy, Modern Electro chemistry, vol.1 and 2B, Springer, Plenum Press, New York, 2008. 2. J.O.M. Bockris, A.K.N. Reddy and M.G. Aldeco Morden Electro chemistry, vol. 2A, Springer, Plenum Press, New York, 2008. 3. Philip H. Rieger, Electrochemistry, 2nd edition, Springer, New York, 2010. 4. L.I. Antropov, Theoretical electrochemistry, Mir Publishers, 1977. **5.** K.L. Kapoor, A Text book of Physical chemistry, volume-3, Macmillan, 2001.

Website and e-learning source	1. https://www.pdfdrive.com/modern-electrochemistry-e34333229.

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To understand the behaviour of electrolytes in solution and compare the structures of electrical double layer of different models.

CO2: To predict the kinetics of electrode reactions applying Butler-Volmer and Tafel equations

CO3: To study different thermodynamic mechanism of corrosion,

CO4: To discuss the theories of electrolytes, electrical double layer, electrodics and activity coefficient of electrolytes

CO5: To have knowledge on storage devices and electrochemical reaction mechanism.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">GREEN CHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td>Credits</td><td>3</td><td>Course Code</td><td>P23CH2:B</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>II</td><td colspan="4"></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>3</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">4</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of general chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To discuss the principles of green chemistry.
To propose green solutions for chemical energy storage and conversion.
Propose green solutions for industrial production of Petroleum and Petrochemicals.
Propose solutions for pollution prevention in Industrial chemical and fuel production, Automotive industry and Shipping industries.
Propose green solutions for industrial production of Surfactants, Organic and inorganic chemicals.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Introduction- Need for Green Chemistry. Goals of Green Chemistry. Limitations/ of Green Chemistry. Chemical accidents, terminologies, Internationall green chemistry organizations and Twelve principles of Green Chemistry with examples.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Choice of starting materials, reagents, catalysts and solvents in detail, Green chemistry in day today life. Designing green synthesis-green reagents: dimethyl carbonate. Green solvents: Water,Ionic liquids-criteria, general methods of preparation, effect on organic reaction. Supercritical carbon dioxide- properties, advantages, drawbacks and a few examples of organic reactions in $scCO_2$. Green synthesis-adipic acid and catechol.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Environmental pollution, Green Catalysis-Acid catalysts, Oxidation catalysts, Basic catalysts, Polymer supported catalysts-Poly styrene aluminum chloride, polymeric super acid catalysts, Poly supported photosensitizers.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Phase transfer catalysis in green synthesis-oxidation using hydrogen peroxide, crown ethers-esterification, saponification, anhydride formation, Elimination reaction, Displacement reaction. Applications in organic synthesis.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-V: Micro wave induced green synthesis-Introduction, Instrumentation, Principle and applications. Sonochemistry – Instrumentation, Cavitation theory - Ultra sound assisted green synthesis and Applications.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external</td><td colspan="7">Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved
(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</td></tr>
</table>

examination question paper)	
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. Ahluwalia, V.K. and Kidwai, M.R. New Trends in Green Chemistry, Anamalaya Publishers, 2005. 2. W. L. McCabe, J.C. Smith and P. Harriott, Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering, 7th edition, McGraw-Hill, NewDelhi,2005. 3. J. M. Swan and D. St. C. Black, Organometallics in Organic Synthesis, Chapman Hall,1974. 4. V. K. Ahluwalia and R. Aggarwal, Organic Synthesis: Special Techniques, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi,2001. 5. A. K. De, Environmental Chemistry, New Age Publications, 2017.
Reference Books	1. Anastas, P.T. and Warner, J.K. Oxford Green Chemistry -Theory and Practical, University Press, 1998 2. Matlack, A.S. Introduction to Green Chemistry, Marcel Dekker, 2001 3. Cann, M.C. and Connely, M.E. Real-World Cases in Green Chemistry, American Chemical Society, Washington, 2000 4. Ryan, M.A. and Tinnesand, M., Introduction to Green Chemistry, American Chemical Society Washington, 2002. 5. Chandrakanta Bandyopadhyay, An Insight into Green Chemistry, Books and Allied (P) Ltd, 2019.
Website and e-learning source	2. https://www.organic-chemistry.org/ 3. https://www.studyorgo.com/summary.php

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To recall the basic chemical techniques used in conventional industrial preparations and in green innovations.

CO2: To understand the various techniques used in chemical industries and in laboratory.

CO3: To compare the advantages of organic reactions assisted by renewable energy sources and non-renewable energy sources.

CO4: To apply the principles of PTC, ionic liquid, microwave and ultrasonic assisted organic synthesis.

CO5: To design and synthesize new organic compounds by green methods.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">ORGANIC SPECTROSCOPY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective -IV</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core Industry Module</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td>Credit</td><td>3</td><td>Course Code</td><td>P23CH2:C</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>Semester</td><td>II</td><td colspan="4"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="2">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="3">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>4</td><td>-</td><td colspan="2">-</td><td colspan="3">4</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basics of Organic Spectroscopy</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the application of UV-vis Spectroscopy.
To apply the principle of IR spectroscopy for predicting functional groups of organic molecules.
To apply the principle of ^{1}H-NMR and ^{13}C-NMR spectroscopy for predicting chemical environment present in the molecule.
To understand the principle behind Mass Spectrometry and its uses in the structural elucidation.
To integrate Mass spectrometry, UV, FT-IR and NMR spectroscopic techniques for the structural elucidation of unknown organic molecule.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Course outline</td><td colspan="7">Unit-I: UV-Vis Spectroscopy: Characteristics of UV-Spectra: Absorption and intensity shifts, Solvent effects. Woodward-Fieser Rules for calculating UV absorption maximum in conjugated dienes, Poly-enes, Poly-ynes, α, β-unsaturated carbonyl compounds and carbonyl compounds, Absorption spectra of aromatic and Heterocyclic compounds. Steric effect in biphenyls.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">Unit-II: FT-IR spectroscopy: Features of IR Spectra: Finger Print Region. Examples related to influence of electronic effects, Hydrogen bonding, Bond angles in IR spectra. Characteristic vibrational frequencies: Hydrocarbons-alkanes, alkenes, and alkynes; Aromatic rings, Alcohols and Phenols, Ethers and Amines. Carbonyl compounds-Factors influencing- the C=O stretching vibration, Aldehydes, ketones, Carboxylic Acids, Esters and lactones, Amides and lactams, Acid Chlorides, Anhydrides, and conjugated carbonyl compounds.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">Unit-III: Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy: Introduction, Relaxation Process, to Chemical environment and Chemical Shift, Local Diamagnetic Shielding-Electronegativity effects, Hybridisation effects, Hybridisation effects, Acids and exchangeable protons: Hydrogen bonding; Magnetic Anisotropy. Spin-spin splitting (n+1) rule. The origin of spin-spin splitting, Coupling constant-Symbol, Mechanism of coupling, One-Bond Coupling (^{1}J), Two-Bond Coupling (^{2}J), Three-Bond Coupling (^{3}J) and Long-Range Coupling (^{4}J-^{n}J). Survey of typical ^{1}H-NMR absorption by types of compound-Alkanes, alkenes, Aromatic compounds, Alkynes, Alkyl halides, Alcohols, Ethers, Amines, Nitriles, Aldehydes, Ketones, Esters, Carboxylic Acids, Amides and Niroalkanes. The effect of solvent on Chemical shift. Chemical shift reagents; High field Spectra. NOE difference Spectra.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">Unit-IV: ^{13}C-NMR Spectroscopy – The Carbon-13 Nucleus, Carbon-13 chemical shift- Calculation of ^{13}C Chemical shift. Proton-Decoupled ^{13}C Spectra: aliphatic, Olefinic, alkyne, aromatic, heteroaromatic and carbonyl carbon. Off-Resonance Decoupling. Advanced NMR Techniques: The DEPT</td></tr>
</table>

	experiment-DEPT-45, DEPT-90, DEPT-135. Two-Dimensional Spectroscopic method: Introduction to 2D NMR, COSY and HETCOR technique
	Unit-V: Mass Spectrometry: Mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds, common functional groups, molecular ion peak, metastable peak, McLafferty rearrangement. Nitrogen rule. High resolution mass spectrometry. **Combined Spectroscopy Problems:** Calculation of double bond equivalent and its application in structure elucidation. Structural elucidation of organic molecules involving IR, UV, NMR and mass data.
Skills acquired from this course	Interpretation of IR, NMR, Mass and UV-Vis Spectra. Structural elucidation of organic molecules using combined spectral data. Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. P.S. Kalsi, "Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds", New Age International , New Delhi, 2016. 2. Y.R. Sharma, " Elementary Organic spectroscopy- Principles and chemical Applications", S.Chand & Co., New Delhi,2013.
Reference Books	1. R.M. Silverstein, G.C. Bassier and T.C. Morrill, "Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds", Wiley, New Delhi, 2015. 2. Donald L. Pavia, Gary M. Lampman, George S. Kriz "Introduction to Spectroscopy" Cengage Learning India Private Limited, 2015. 3. J.R. Dyer, "Application of Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds", Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1978. 4. W.Kemp , " Organic spectroscopy " , Palgrave , New York, 2008.
Website and e-learning source	1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/104/108/104108078/ 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_9ZksU4NHxo 3. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/103/108/103108139/
	Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able **CLO1:** To analyse the ultraviolet spectra of organic compounds. **CLO2:** To analyse IR Spectra of various organic compounds pertaining to functional groups and nature of bonding. **CLO3:** To Interpret NMR (1H, 13C & 2D) spectra for structural elucidation of organic molecules (K5) **CLO5:** To Decide the structure of organic molecules based on fragmentation pattern derived from mass spectra (K5)

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**L**	**M**
CO 2	**S**	**S**	**M**	**L**	**L**	**M**	**L**	**L**	**L**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**M**	**S**
CO 4	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**M**	**M**	**M**	**S**
CO 5	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**M**	**M**	**M**	**M**	**S**

Strong - 3 **Medium-2** **Low-1**

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">MATERIAL SCIENCE</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective IV</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td>Credits</td><td>3</td><td>Course Code</td><td>P23CH2:D</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>II</td><td colspan="4"></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>3</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">4</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of solid-state chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the crystal structure, growth methods and X-ray scattering.
To explain the optical, dielectric and diffusion properties of crystals.
To recognize the basis of semiconductors, superconductivity materials and magnets.
To study the synthesis, classification and applications of nanomaterials.
To learn about the importance of materials used for renewable energy conversion.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">1.1 UNIT-I: Crystallography: symmetry - unit cell and Miller indices -crystal systems - Bravais lattices - point groups and space groups - X-ray diffraction-Laue equations-Bragg's law-reciprocal lattice and its application to geometrical crystallography. Crystal structure–powder and single crystal applications. Electron charge density maps, neutron diffraction-method and applications.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">1.2 UNIT-II: Crystal growth methods: Nucleation–equilibrium stability and metastable state. Single crystal –Low and high temperature, solution growth– Gel and sol-gel. Crystal growth methods- nucleation–equilibrium stability and metastable state. Single crystal–Low and high temperature, solution growth– Gel and sol-gel. Melt growth - Bridgeman-Stockbarger, Czochralski methods. Flux technique, physical and chemical vapour transport. Lorentz and polarization factor - primary and secondary extinctions.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Properties of crystals: Optical studies - Electromagnetic spectrum (qualitative) refractive index – reflectance – transparency, translucency and opacity. Types of luminescence – photo-, electro-, and injection luminescence, LEDs – organic, Inorganic and polymer LED materials - Applications. Dielectric studies- Polarisation - electronic, ionic, orientation, and space charge polarisation. Effect of temperature. dielectric constant, dielectric loss. Types of dielectric breakdown–intrinsic, thermal, discharge, electrochemical and defect breakdown.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Special Materials: Superconductivity: Meissner effect, Critical temperature and critical magnetic Field, Type I and II superconductors, BCS theory-Cooper pair, Applications. Soft and hard magnets – Domain theory Hysteresis Loop-Applications. Magneto and gian magneto resistance. Ferro, ferri and antiferromagnetic materials-applications, magnetic parameters for recording applications. Ferro-, Piezo-, and pyro electric materials – properties and applications. Shape memory Alloys-characteristics and applications, Non-linear optics-Second Harmonic Generators, mixing of Laser wavelengths by quartz, ruby and $LiNbO_3$.</td></tr>
</table>

	UNIT-V: Materials for Renewable Energy Conversion: Solar Cells: Organic, bilayer, bulk heterojunction, polymer, perovskite based. Solar energy conversion: lamellar solids and thin films, dye-sensitized photo voltaic cells, coordination compounds anchored onto semiconductor surfaces - Ru(II) and Os(II) polypyridyl complexes. Photochemical activation and splitting of water, CO2 and N2. Manganese based photo systems for water-splitting. Complexes of Rh, Ru, Pd and Pt - photochemical generation of hydrogen from alcohol.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. S. Mohan and V. Arjunan, Principles of Materials Science, MJP Publishers, 2016. 2. Arumugam, Materials Science, Anuradha Publications, 2007. 3. Giacavazzo et. al., Fundamentals of Crystallography, International Union of Crystallography. Oxford Science Publications, 2010 4. Woolfson, An Introduction to Crystallography, Cambridge University Press, 2012. 5. James F. Shackelford and Madanapalli K. Muralidhara, Introduction to Materials Science for Engineers. 6th ed., PEARSON Press, 2007.
Reference Books	1.Suggested Readings 1. M.G. Arora, Solid State Chemistry, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2001. 2. R.K. Puri and V.K. Babbar, Solid State Physics, S Chand and Company Ltd, 2001. 3.. C. Kittel, Solid State Physics, John-Wiley and sons, NY, 1966. 4. H.P. Meyers, Introductory Solid State Physics, Viva Books Private Limited, 1998. 5. A.R. West, Solid State Chemistry and Applications, John-Wiley and sons, 1987.
Website and e-learning source	1. http://xrayweb.chem.ou.edu/notes/symmetry.html. 2. http://www.uptti.ac.in/classroom-content/data/unit%20cell.pdf. 3. https://bit.ly/3QyVg2R
Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able: **CO1**: To understand and recall the synthesis and characteristics of crystal structures, semiconductors, magnets, nanomaterials and renewable energy materials. **CO2**: To integrate and assess the structure of different materials and their properties. **CO3**: To analyse and identify new materials for energy applications. **CO4**: To explain the importance of crystal structures, piezoelectric and pyroelectric materials, nanomaterials, hard and soft magnets, superconductors, solar cells, electrodes, LED uses, structures and synthesis. **CO5**: To design and develop new materials with improved property for energy applications.	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">CHEMISTRY FOR HEALTHY LIVING</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Non-Major Elective - I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">2</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH2E1</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>II</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="2">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="3">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>3</td><td>1</td><td colspan="2">-</td><td colspan="3">4</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of Constituents of Food</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">1. To enable the students about the role of chemistry in food.
2. To learn about the bio-molecules.
3. To improve the knowledge on the chemistry of cosmetics.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Chemistry of Life - Chemical basis of life, Periodic table, Elements in the human body, Essential, Non-essential elements, Criteria of essentiality.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: 1.1 Food Source of energy – Calorie –Requirements – Constituents of food Balanced diet – Mal-nourishment, Obese.
1.2 Diseases due to food stuffs – Food Poisoning and First aid to food poisoning.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: 2.1 Proteins Types of proteins – Classification based on structure, composition – Amino acids as building blocks – protein energy inter relationship – function of protein in the body – denaturation and renaturation. Milk proteins – plant proteins and egg proteins – recommended allowances in food.
2.2 Carbohydrates Classification of Carbohydrates – Basic Structure of a few sugars and their Importance – Change of Carbohydrates on Cooking – Caramelization recommended allowances in food.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: 3.1 Fats Types of fats in food, lipids body constituents – food stuffs with fat – Iodine value of oi Saponification value and R.M. value of oils Lipids and relation with atherosclerosis. Importance of fat, dietary fat, Lipid profile – HDL, LDL, Cholesterol.
3.2 Vitamins Sources, requirement – deficiency diseases – decomposition and losses during cooking.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-V: 4.1 Minerals Mineral in Food – Principal minerals elements functions - (Deficiency and daily requirements) – Na, Cl, Mg, Fe, Cu, Mo, Zn, Cr, V, Co, Mn, I, S, K, and P.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Skills acquired from this course</td><td colspan="7">Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Recommended Text</td><td colspan="7">1. Seema Yadav, “Food Chemistry”, Anmol Publishing (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2000.
2. Alex V. Ramani. “Food Chemistry” MJP publishers, Chennai, 2009.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reference Books</td><td colspan="7">1. Carl H. Snyder, “The Extraordinary Chemistry of Ordinary things”, John Wiley and Sons Inc., New York, 1992.
2. N. Krishnamoorthy, K. Jeyasubramanian and P. Valli nayagam, “Applied Chemistry”, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1999.</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">ORGANIC SYNTHESIS AND PHOTOCHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core V</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">5</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH305</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>5</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">6</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of organic chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the molecular complexity of carbon skeletons and the presence of functional groups and their relative positions.
To study various synthetically important reagents for any successful organic synthesis.
To apply disconnection approach and identifying suitable synthons to effect successful organic synthesis.
To learn the concepts of pericyclic reaction mechanisms.
To gain the knowledge of photochemical organic reactions.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I:Retrosynthesis-I: (15 Hours)
Target molecule-Retrosynthetic analysis-Disconnection approach – relay and convergent methods - Synthons-donor and acceptor synthons- synthetic equivalents-Umpolung. Functional group interconversion. One group C-X and two group C-X disconnection – Chemoselectivity. Protecting groups-protection of alcohol, aldehyde, ketone, carboxylic acid amine.
UNIT-II: Retrosynthesis-II: (15 Hours)
One group C-C disconnections in alcohols, carbonyls and acids-regioselectivity- Chemoselectivity, cyclisation reaction. Alkene synthesis-uses of acetylenes.Two group C-C disconnections in 1,2, 1,3, 1,4, 1,5, difunctional substituents- Diels-Alder reactions-Michael addition and Robinson annulations.
UNIT-III: Pericyclic Reactions: (15 Hours)
Woodward Hoffmann rules; The Mobius and Huckel concept, FMO, PMO method and correlation diagrams. Cycloaddition and retrocycloaddition reactions; [2+2], [2+4], [4+4], Cationic, anionic, and 1,3-dipolar cycloadditions. Cheletropic reactions. ; Electrocyclization and ring opening reactions of conjugated dienes and trienes. Sigmatropic rearrangements: (1,3), (1,5), (3,3) and (5,5)-carbon migrations, degenerate rearrangements. Ionic sigmatropic rearrangements. Group transfer reactions. Regioselectivity, and stereoselectivity in pericyclic reactions.
UNIT-IV: Organic Photochemistry-I: (15 Hours)
Photochemical excitation: Experimental techniques; electronic transitions; Jablonskii diagrams; intersystem crossings; energy transfer processes; Stern Volmer equation.
Reactions of electronically excited ketones; π→π* triplets; Norrish type-I and type-II cleavage reactions; photo reductions; Paterno-Buchi reactions;
UNIT-V: Organic Photochemistry-II: (15 Hours)
Photochemistry of α,β-unsaturated ketones; cis-trans isomerisation. Photon energy transfer reactions, Photo cycloadditions, Photochemistry of aromatic compounds; photochemical rearrangements; photo-stationary state; di-π-methane rearrangement; Reaction of conjugated cyclohexadienone to 3,4-diphenyl phenols; Photo oxidation: formation of peroxy compounds- oxidative coupling of aromatic compounds - Barton's reactions.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component</td><td colspan="7">Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved
(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</td></tr>
</table>

only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. Fundamentals of Organic Synthesis The Retrosynthetic Analysis Volume -II & III, Ratan Kumar Kar , New Central Book Agency Private Limited, 2014. 2. Photochemistry and Pericyclic Reactions, Jagdamba Singh A and Jaya Singh,New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2012. 3. Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis, Caruthers W, 4thedn, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2007.
Reference Books	1. Organic Syntheis : The Introduction to Disconnection Approach, Stuart en, Wiley India, 2007. 2. Principles of Molecular Photochemistry : An Introduction Nicholas J. Turro, mamurthy, Juan C. Scaiano, University Science Books, 2009. 3. Organic Chemistry, Jonathan Clayden, Nick Greeves, Stuart Warren, nd Edition, Oxford University Press, 2012 4. Principles of Organic Synthesis , ROC Norman and JM. Coxon, CRC Press, edition 1993
Website and e-learning source	1. https://rushim.ru/books/praktikum/Monson.pdf
Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able: CO1: To understand retrosynthetic approach of organic synthesis CO2: To implement a disconnection approach in various target molecules. CO3: To comprehend the pericyclic reactions of organic synthesis. CO4: To understand the principle behind photochemical synthesis. CO5: To apply concept of organic photochemistry in various categories of organic reaction.	

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO 1	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
CO 2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
CO 3	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	3	3
CO 4	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	3	3
CO 5	3	3	2	2	2	-	2	3	3

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3

CO4	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Title of the Course	**COORDINATION CHEMISTRY – I**						
Paper No.	**Core VI**						
Category	**Core**	**Year**	II	**Credits**	5	**Course Code**	P23CH306
		Semester	III				
Instructional hours per week	**Lecture**	**Tutorial**	**Lab Practice**			**Total**	
	5	1	-			6	
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of inorganic chemistry						
Objectives of the course	To gain insights into the modern theories of bonding in coordination compounds. To learn various methods to determine the stability constants of complexes. To understand and construct correlation diagrams and predict the electronic transitions that are taking place in the complexes. To describe various substitution and electron transfer mechanistic pathways of reactions in complexes. To evaluate the reactions of octahedral and square planar complexes.						
Course Outline	UNIT-I: **Modern theories of coordination compounds:** Crystal field theory - splitting of d orbitals in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar symmetries - measurement of 10Dq - factors affecting 10Dq - spectrochemical series - crystal field stabilisation energy for high spin and low spin complexes- evidences for crystal field splitting - site selections in spinels and antispinels - Jahn Teller distortions and its consequences. Molecular Orbital Theory and energy level diagrams concept of Weak and strong fields, Sigma and pi bonding in octahedral, square planar and tetrahedral complexes.						
	UNIT-II: Spectral characteristics of complexes: Term states for d ions - characteristics of d-d transitions - charge transfer spectra - selection rules for electronic spectra - Orgel correlation diagrams - Sugano-Tanabe energy level diagrams - nephelauxetic series - Racha parameter and calculation of inter-electronic repulsion parameter.						

	UNIT-III: Stability and Magnetic property of the complexes: Stability of complexes: Factors affecting stability of complexes, Thermodynamic aspects of complex formation, Stepwise and overall formation constants, Stability correlations, statistical factors and chelate effect, Determination of stability constant and composition of the complexes: Formation curves and Bjerrum's half method, Potentiometric method, Spectrophotometric method, Ion exchange method, Polorographic method and Continuous variation method (Job's method) Magnetic property of complexes: Spin-orbit coupling, effect of spin-orbit coupling on magnetic moments, quenching of orbital magnetic moments.
	UNIT-IV: Kinetics and mechanisms of substitution reactions of octahedral and square planar complexes: Inert and Labile complexes; Associative, Dissociative and SNCB mechanistic pathways for substitution reactions; acid and base hydrolysis of octahedral complexes; Classification of metal ions based on the rate of water replacement reaction and their correlation to Crystal Field Activation Energy; Substitution reactions in square planar complexes: Trans effect, theories of trans effect and applications of trans effect in synthesis of square planar compounds; Kurnakov test.
	UNIT-V: Electron Transfer reactions in octahedral complexes: Outer sphere electron transfer reactions and Marcus-Hush theory; inner sphere electron transfer reactions; nature of the bridging ligand in inner sphere electron transfer reactions. Photo-redox, photo-substitution and photo-isomerisation reactions in complexes and their applications.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. J E Huheey, EA Keiter, RL Keiter and OK Medhi, Inorganic Chemistry – Principles of structure and reactivity, 4th Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2006 2. G L Meissler and D ATarr, Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2008 3. D. Bannerjea, Co-ordination Chemistry, TATA Mcgraw Hill, 1993. 4. B. N. Figgis, Introduction to Ligand Fields, Wiley Eastern Ltd, 1976. 5. F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson.; C. A. Murillo; M. Bochmann, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, 6th ed.; Wiley Inter-science: New York, 1988.
Reference Books	1. Keith F. Purcell and John C. Kotz, Inorganic Chemistry, Saunders Publications, USA, 1977. 2. Peter Atkins and Tina Overton, Shriver and Atkins' Inorganic Chemistry, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2010.

	3. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson, P. L. Guas, John Wiley, 2002, 3rd edn. 4. Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry, B. Douglas, D. McDaniel, J. Alexander, John Wiley, 1994, 3rd edn. 5. Inorganic Chemistry, D. F. Shriver, P. W. Atkins, W. H. Freeman and Co, London, 2010.
Website and e-learning source	https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/5-04-principles-of-inorganic-chemistry-ii-fall-2008/pages/syllabus/

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
Students will be able:
CO1: Understand and comprehend various theories of coordination compounds.
CO2: Understand the spectroscopic and magnetic properties of coordination complexes.
CO3: Explain the stability of complexes and various experimental methods to determine the stability of complexes.
CO4: Predict the electronic transitions in a complex based on correlation diagrams and UV-visible spectral details.
CO5: Comprehend the kinetics and mechanism of substitution reactions in octahedral and square planar complexes.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core Practical III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td>Credits</td><td>5</td><td>Course Code</td><td>P23CH3P3</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>-</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">5</td><td colspan="2">6</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of physical chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the principle of conductivity experiments through conductometric titrations.
To evaluate the order of the reaction, temperature coefficient, and activation energy of the reaction by following pseudo first order kinetics.
To construct the phase diagram of two component system forming congruent melting solid and find its eutectic temperatures and compositions.
To determine the kinetics of adsorption of oxalic acid on charcoal.
To develop the potential energy diagram of hydrogen ion, charge density distribution and Maxwell’s speed distribution by computational calculation.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Conductivity Experiments
1.Determination of equivalent conductance of a strong electrolyte & the verification of DHO equation.
2. Verification of Ostwald’s Dilution Law & Determination of pKa of a weak acid.
3. Verification of Kohlrausch’s Law for weak electrolytes.
4. Determination of solubility of a sparingly soluble salt.
5. Acid-base titration (strong acid and weak acid vs NaOH).
6. Precipitation titrations (mixture of halides only).</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Kinetics
1. Study the kinetics of acid hydrolysis of an ester, determine the temperature coefficient and also the activation energy of the reaction.
2. Study the kinetics of the reaction between acetone and iodine in acidic medium by half-life method and determine the order with respect to iodine and acetone.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Phase diagram
Construction of phase diagram for a simple binary system
1. Naphthalene-phenanthrene
2. Benzophenone- diphenyl amine
Adsorption
Adsorption of oxalic acid on charcoal & determination of surface area (Freundlich isotherm only).</td></tr>
<tr><td>Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only,</td><td colspan="7">Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved
(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</td></tr>
</table>

Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. B. Viswanathan and P.S.Raghavan, Practical Physical Chemistry, Viva Books, New Delhi, 2009. 2. Sundaram, Krishnan, Raghavan, Practical Chemistry (Part II), S. Viswanathan Co. Pvt., 1996. 3. V.D. Athawale and Parul Mathur, Experimental Physical Chemistry, New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2008. 4. E.G. Lewers, PHYChemistry: Introduction to the Theory and Applications of Molecular and Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Ed., Springer, New York, 2011.
Reference Books	1. J. B. Yadav, Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry, Goel Publishing House, 2001. 2. G.W. Garland, J.W. Nibler, D.P. Shoemaker, Experiments in Physical Chemistry, 8th edition, McGraw Hill, 2009. 3. J. N. Gurthu and R. Kapoor, Advanced Experimental Chemistry, S. Chand and Co., 1987. 4. Shailendra K Sinha, Physical Chemistry: A laboratory Manual, Narosa Publishing House Pvt, Ltd., New Delhi, 2014. 5. F. Jensen, Introduction to Computational Chemistry, 3rd Ed., Wiley-Blackwell.
Website and e-learning source	https://web.iitd.ac.in/~nkurur/2015-16/Isem/cmp511/lab_handout_new.pdf

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To recall the principles associated with various physical chemistry experiments.

CO2: To scientifically plan and perform all the experiments.

CO3: To observe and record systematically the readings in all the experiments.

CO4: To calculate and process the experimentally measured values and compare with graphical data.

CO5: To interpret the experimental data scientifically to improve students' efficiency for societal developments.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">ANALYTICAL INSTRUMENTATION TECHNIQUES</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core Practical IV</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH3P4</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>-</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">5</td><td colspan="2">6</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Principles of Electrochemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To apply the principles of conductometry and Potentiometry.
To compare the reliability of results for a given experiment by
To conductometric and Potentiometric methods
To construct different types of electrochemical cells
To prioritize the methods of analysis for an experiment in a given set of conditions</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I:
1. Determination of the equivalent conductance of a weak acid at different concentrations and verifying Ostwald dilution law. Calculation of the dissociation constant of the acid.
2. Determination of the equivalent conductance of a strong electrolyte at different concentrations and examining the validity of the Onsager’s theory as limiting law at high dilutions.
3. Conductometric titration of a mixture of HCl and CH_3COOH Vs NaOH.
4. Conductometric titration of NH_4Cl Vs NaOH.
5. Conductometric titration of CH_3COONa Vs HCl.
6. Potentiometric titration of a mixture of HCl and CH_3COOH Vs NaOH
7. Determination of pK_a of weak acid by EMF method.
8. Potentiometric titration of FAS Vs $K_2Cr_2O_7$
9. Potentiometric titration of KI Vs $KMnO_4$.
10. Potentiometric titration of a mixture of Chloride and Iodide Vs $AgNO_3$.
11. Determination of the pH of buffer solution by EMF method using Quinhydrone and Calomel electrode.
12. Study of the inversion of cane sugar in the presence of acid by Polarimetric method.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II:
1. Estimation of Fe, Cu and Ni by colorimetric method.
2. Estimation of Na and K by flame photometric method.
3. Determination of spectrophotometrically the mole ratio of the ferrithiocyanate complex and equilibrium constant for the complex formation.
4. Determination of the amount (mol/L) of ferricyanide present in the given solution using cyclic voltammetry.
5. Determination of the diffusion coefficient of ferricyanide using cyclic voltammetry.
6. Determination of the standard redox potential of ferri-ferrocyanide redox couple using cyclic voltammetry.</td></tr>
</table>

	7. Estimation of the amount of sulphate present in the given solution using Nephelometric turbidimeter. 8. Estimation of the amount of nitrate present in the given solution using spectrophotometric method. 9. Heavy metal analysis in textiles and textile dyes by AAS 10. Determination of caffeine in soft drinks by HPLC 11. Analysis of water quality through COD, DO, BOD measurements. 12. Assay of Riboflavin and Iron in tablet formulations by spectrophotometry 13. Estimation of chromium in steel sample by spectrophotometry 14. Determination of Stern-Volmer constant of Iodine quenching by fluorimetry 15. Determination of ascorbic acid in real samples using Differential Pulse Voltammetry and comparing with specifications 16. Separation of (a) mixture of Azo dyes by TLC (b) mixture of metal ions by Paper chromatography 17. Estimation of chlorophyll in leaves and phosphate in waste water by colorimetry. 18. Estimation of Fe(II) by 1,10 phenonthroline using spectrophotometry
	UNIT-III: Interpretation and identification of the given spectra of various organic compounds arrived at from the following instruments 1.UV-Visible 2.IR 3.Raman 4.NMR 5.ESR 6.Mass etc.,
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	*1.* Vogel's Text book of Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed, ELBS/Longman, England, 2003. 2. G. H. Jeffery, J. Bassett, J. Mendham and R. C. Denney, *Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis*; 6th ed., ELBS, 1989. 3. J. D. Woollins, *Inorganic Experiments*; VCH: Weinheim, 1995. 4. B. Viswanathan and P.S.Raghavan, Practical Physical Chemistry, Viva Books, New Delhi, 2009. 5.Sundaram, Krishnan, Raghavan, Practical Chemistry (Part II), S.

	Viswanathan Co. Pvt., 1996.
Reference Books	1. N. S. Gnanapragasam and G. Ramamurthy, Organic Chemistry – Labmanual, S. Viswanathan Co. Pvt. Ltd, 2009. 2. J. N. Gurtu and R. Kapoor, Advanced Experimental Chemistry, S. Chand and Co., 2011. 3. J. B. Yadav, Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry, Goel Publishing House, 2001. 4. G.W. Garland, J.W. Nibler, D.P. Shoemaker, Experiments in Physical Chemistry, 8th edition, McGraw Hill, 2009. 5. J. N. Gurthu and R. Kapoor, Advanced Experimental Chemistry, S. Chand and Co., 1987.
Website and e-learning source	1. https://bit.ly/3QESF7t 2. https://bit.ly/3QANOnX

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:
CO1: To recall the principles associated with various inorganic organic and physical chemistry experiments
CO2: To scientifically plan and perform all the experiments
CO3: To observe and record systematically the readings in all the experiments
CO4: To calculate and process the experimentally measured values and compare with graphical data.
CO5: To interpret the experimental data scientifically to improve students efficiency for societal developments.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 – Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">BIOMOLECULES AND HETEROCYCLIC COMPOUNDS</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective V</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">3</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH3:A</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>2</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">3</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To learn the basic concepts and biological importance of biomolecules and natural products.
To explain various of functions of carbohydrates, proteins, nucleic acids, steroids and hormones.
To understand the functions of alkaloids and terpenoids.
To elucidate the structure determination of biomolecules and natural products.
To extract and construct the structure of new alkaloids and terpenoids from different methods.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Chemistry and metabolism of carbohydrates: Definition, classification and biological role of carbohydrates. Monosaccharides: Linear and ring structures (Haworth formula) of ribose, glucose, fructose and mannose (structure determination not required), physical and chemical properties of glucose and fructose. Disaccharides: Ring structures (Haworth formula) –occurrence, physical and chemical properties of maltose, lactose and sucrose. Polysaccharides: Starch, glycogen and cellulose – structure and properties, glycolysis of carbohydrates.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Steroids and Hormones: Steroids-Introduction, occurrence, nomenclature, configuration of substituents. Diels' hydrocarbon, stereochemistry, classification, Diels' hydrocarbon, biological importance, colour reactions of sterols, cholesterol-occurrence, tests, physiological activity, biosynthesis of cholesterol from squalene. Hormones-Introduction, classification, functions of sex hormones- androgens and estrogens, adrenocortical hormones-cortisone and cortisol structure and functions of non-steroidal hormones-adrenaline and thyroxin.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Proteins and nucleic acids: Separation and purification of proteins – dialysis, gel filtration and electrophoresis. Catabolism of amino acids - transamination, oxidative deamination and decarboxylation. Biosynthesis of proteins: Role of nucleic acids. Amino acid metabolism and urea cycle. Structure, methods for the synthesis of nucleosides - direct combination, formation of heterocyclic base and nucleoside modification, conversion of nucleoside to nucleotides. Primary and secondary structure of RNA and DNA, Watson-Crick model, solid phase synthesis of oligonucleotides.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Natural products - Terpenes- classification – Isoprene rule – general reactions of terpenes – structural elucidation of citral, geraniol, nerol, menthol, α-terpeniol and α-pinene. Alkaloids–General methods of</td></tr>
</table>

	isolation and structural elucidation of conine, piperine and nicotine
	UNIT-V: Fused Ring Heterocyclic Compounds: Benzofused five membered rings: Indole, isoindole, benzofuran and benzothiophene, Preparation and properties. Benzofused six membered rings: Quinoline and isoquinoline: Preparation by ring closure reactions, Reactions: Mechanism of electrophilic and nucleophilic substitutions, oxidation and reduction reactions.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	T. K Lindhorst, Essentials of Carbohydrate Chemistry and Biochemistry, Wiley VCH, North America, 2007. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry Vol-2, 5th edition, Pearson Education Asia, 1975. V. K. Ahluwalia and M. Goyal, Textbook of Heterocyclic compounds, Narosa Publishing, New Delhi, 2000. M. K. Jain and S. C. Sharma, Modern Organic Chemistry, Vishal Publishing Co., Jalandhar, Delhi, 2014. V. K. Ahluwalia, Steroids and Hormones, Ane books pub., New Delhi, 2009.
Reference Books	I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry Vol-1, 6thedition, Pearson Education Asia,2004. Pelletier,Chemistry of Alkaloids, Van Nostrand Reinhold Co,2000. Shoppe, Chemistry of the steroids, Butterworthes,1994. I. A. Khan, and A. Khanum. Role of Biotechnology in medicinal & aromatic plants, Vol 1 and Vol 10, Ukkaz Publications, Hyderabad,2004. M. P. Singh. and H. Panda, Medicinal Herbs with their formulations, Daya Publishing House, Delhi,2005.
Website and e-learning source	ps://www.organic-chemistry.org/ ps://www.studyorgo.com/summary.php ps://www.clutchprep.com/organic-chemistry
Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able: CO1: To understand the basic concepts of biomolecules and natural products. CO2: To integrate and assess the different methods of preparation of structurally different biomolecules and natural products.	

CO3: To illustrate the applications of biomolecules and their functions in the metabolism of living organisms.
CO4: To analyse and rationalise the structure and synthesis of heterocyclic compounds.
CO5: To develop the structure of biologically important heterocyclic compounds by different methods.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">PHARMOCOGNOSY AND PHYTOCHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective V</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td>Credits</td><td>3</td><td>Course Code</td><td>P23CH3:B</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>III</td><td colspan="4"></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>2</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">3</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To develop the knowledge of natural products, biological functions and pharmacological uses.
To develop knowledge on primary and secondary metabolites and their sources.
To understand the concepts of isolation methods and separation of bioactive compounds.
To provide the knowledge on selected glycosides and marine drugs.
To familiarize the guidelines of WHO and different sampling techniques.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Pharmacognosy and Standardization of Herbal drugs: Introduction, definition, development classification and Source of Drugs: Biological, mineral, marine, and plant tissue cultures. Study of pharmacognostic of a crude drug. Biosynthesis: Shikimic acid pathway and acetate pathway. Systematic analysis of Crude drugs. Standardization of Herbal drugs. WHO guidelines, Sampling of crude drug, Methods of drug evaluation. Determination of foreign matter, moisture Ash value. Phytochemical investigations-General chemical tests.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Extraction Techniques: General methods of extraction, types – maceration, Decoction, percolation, Immersion and soxhlet extraction. Advanced techniques- counter current, steam distillation, supercritical gases, sonication, Micro waves assisted extraction. Factors affecting the choice of extraction process.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Drugs containing Terpenoids and volatile oils: Terpenoids: Classification, Isoprene rule, Isolation and separation techniques, General properties Camphor, Menthol, Eucalyptol. Volatile Oils or Essential Oils: Method of Preparations, Classifications of Volatile oils, Camphor oil, Geranium oil, Citral- Structure uses. Pentacyclic triterpenoids: amyrines; taraxasterol: Structure and pharmacological applications.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Drugs containing alkaloids: Occurrence, function of alkaloids in plants, pharmaceutical applications. Isolation, Preliminary Qualitative tests and general properties. General methods of structural elucidation. Morphine, Reserpine, papaverine - chemical properties, structure and uses. papaverine - structure, chemical properties and uses.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-V: Plant Glycosides and Marine drugs: Glycosides: Basic ring system, classification, isolation, properties, qualitative analysis. Pharmacological activity of Senna glycosides, Cardiac glycosides- Digoxin, digitoxin, Steroidal saponins glycosides- Diosgenin, hecogenin. Plant pigments: Occurrence and general methods of structure determination, isolation and synthesis of quercetin and cyanidin chloride. Marine drugs -Selected Drug Molecules:</td></tr>
</table>

	Cardiovascular active substances, Cytotoxic compounds, antimicrobial compounds, antibiotic compounds, Anti-inflammatory agents. Marine toxins.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. Gurdeep R Chatwal (2016), Organic chemistry of Natural products, Volume I&II, 5th edition, Himalaya publishing House. 2. S.V.Bhat, B.A. Nagasampagi, M.Sivakumar (2014), Chemistry of Natural Products, Revised edition, Narosa Publishers.
Reference Books	1. Jeffrey B. Harborne (2012), Phytochemical methods: A Guide to Modern Techniques of Plant Analysis, 4th edition, Indian reprint, Springer. 2. Ashutoshkar (2007), Pharmacognosy and Pharmacobiotechnology, 2 nd edition, New age international (P) limited, New Delhi.

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:
CO1: To recall the sources of natural medicines and analysis of crude drugs.
CO2: To understand the methods of evaluation based on various parameters.
CO3: To analyze the isolated drugs
CO4: To apply various techniques to discover new alternative medicines.
CO5: To evaluate the isolated drugs for various pharmacological activities

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">COSMETIC CHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Non-Major Elective II</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td>Credits</td><td>2</td><td>Course Code</td><td>P23CH3E2</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>III</td><td colspan="4"></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>2</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">3</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic Knowledge of Constituents of Cosmetics</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">1. To create awareness about the role of chemistry in day- to- day life.
2. To know more about the cosmetics natural and artificial.
3.To obtain adequate knowledge and scientific information regarding basic principles of cosmetic chemistry.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: History of cosmetics, classification of cosmetics and professional image of self grooming, beauty and wellness.
Cosmetic emulsions: cream, cleansers, powders, moisturizers, sun screen, acne and anti-aging creams.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Perfumes: Natural Perfumes –components of perfume – vehicle – characteristics of good vehicle - fixatives and its types, odoriferous compounds, essential oils - Artificial Perfumes - Composition and preparation of rose and jasmine perfumes.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Hair Care Products: Shampoos – principal constituents – thickeners and foam stabilizers – perfumes – preservatives – conditioning agents – antidandruff shampoos. Hair cream – composition – hair dyes – types – constituents – dye removals Skin Care Product Skin cleansers – classifications – cold cream – cleansing milk – moisturizers – hand and body
Lotions – sun screen lotions – constituents.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Soaps: Cleansing action of soap –ingredients and preparation of bathing soap – TFM of bathing soap.
Chemical peels and peeling agents, lasers and light devices, Electro-Chemistry, bath salts, gels, bubble baths and scrubs.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-V: Colour Cosmetics: Lipstick – constitutions – manufacturing method – lip glosses – nail polish – formulation – manufacture – face powder – constitution.
Dental Product: Oral care product – product categories – toothpaste – toothpowder – oral rinses – mouth washes.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination</td><td colspan="7">Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved
(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</td></tr>
</table>

question paper)	
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. Ramesh Kumari, Chemistry of Cosmetics, Prestige Publishers, 2018. 2. R. K. Nema, Textbook of Cosmetics, CBS, Publisher, 2017.
Reference Books	1. M. Vimaladevi, Textbook of Cosmetic, CBS Publisher, 2019. 2. Heather A. E. Benson, Michael S. Roberts, Vania Rodrigues Leite-Silva, Kenneth Walters, Cosmetic Formulation: Principles and Practice, CRC Press Publisher, 2021.

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:
CO1: To acquire basic knowledge About cosmetics
CO2: To Choose cosmetics upon checking harmless chemical ingredients from various products
CO3: To Judiciously use cosmetics and other related chemicals
CO4: To Learn the idea about colour cosmetics
CO5: To Learn the preparation of dental product and bath product

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	M	M	M	S	S	M	M
CO 2	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	S	M	M
CO 3	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	S	M	M
CO 4	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	S	M	M
CO 5	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	S	M	M

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">Internship / Industrial Activity</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Internship</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">2</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH3I1</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="2">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>--</td><td>--</td><td colspan="2">--</td><td colspan="2">--</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To acquire knowledge about Industrial Processes and Chemometrics</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">1. Industrial Processes</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">2 Chemometrics and quality control in Industry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Skills acquired from this course</td><td colspan="7">Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Recommended Text</td><td colspan="7">1. H.A.Strobel, Chemical Instrumentation: A Systematic approach, 2nd Edition (1973)Addition Wesley, Reading, Mass
2. R.L.Pecsok, L.D. Shields, T.Cavins and L.C.Mcwilliam, 2nd Edition (1976), john Wiley &Sons, New York
3. E.W.Berg, Chemical Methods of Separations, 1st Edition (1963), McGraw Hill, New York</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reference Books</td><td colspan="7">1. G.D.Christian, Analytical chemistry, 5th edition (1994), John Wiley & Sons, New York
2. M.A. Sharat and D.L. Illuran, Chemometrics, John Wiley, New York
3. Canlcutt and R. Roddy, Statistics for Analytical Chemists, Chapmam and Hall, NewYork.</td></tr>
</table>

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">COORDINATION CHEMISTRY – II</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core VII</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td>Credits</td><td>5</td><td>Course Code</td><td>P23CH407</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>IV</td><td colspan="4"></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>5</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">6</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of inorganic chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To recognize the fundamental concepts and structural aspects of organometallic compounds.
To learn reactions of organometallic compounds and their catalytic behaviour.
To identify or predict the structure of coordination compounds using spectroscopic tools.
To understand the structure and bonding in coordination complexes.
To evaluate the spectral characteristics of selected complexes.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Chemistry of organometallic compounds: Classification of organometallic compounds based on M-C bond – 18 and 16 electron rule; Hapticity - Isolobal Analogy and its limitations. Bonding in metal – olefin complexes (example: Ziese’s salt), metal-acetylene and metal-allyl complexes; Metal-cyclopentadienyl complexes – Examples and MO approach to bonding in metallocenes; fluxional isomerism. Metal – carbonyl complexes: MO diagram of CO; Structure and bonding − bonding modes, MO approach of M-CO bonding, π-acceptor nature of carbonyl group, synergistic effect (stabilization of lower oxidation states of metals); Carbonyl clusters: Low nuclearity and high nuclearity carbonyl clusters – Structures based on polyhedral skeleton electron pair theory or Wade’s rule.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Reactions and catalysis of organometallic compounds: Reactions of organometallic compounds: Oxidative addition, reductive elimination (α and β eliminations), migratory insertion reaction and metathesis reaction. Organo-metallic catalysis: Hydrogenation of olefins (Wilkinson's catalyst), hydroformylation of olefins using cobalt or rhodium catalysts (oxo process), oxidation of olefin (Wacker process), olefin isomerisation, water gas shift reaction, cyclo-oligomerisation of acetylenes using Reppe's catalysts, Monsonto process.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Inorganic spectroscopy -I: IR spectroscopy: Effect of coordination on the stretching frequency-sulphato, carbonato, sulphito, aqua, nitro, thiocyanato, cyano, thiourea, DMSO complexes; IR spectroscopy of carbonyl compounds. NMR spectroscopy- Introduction, applications of 1H, 15N, 19F, 31P-NMR spectroscopy in structural identification of inorganic complexes, fluxional molecules, quadrupolar nuclei- effect in NMR spectroscopy.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Inorganic spectroscopy-II: Introductory terminologies: g and A parameters-definition, explanation and factors affecting g and A; Applications of ESR to coordination compounds with one and more than one unpaired electrons – hyperfine and secondary hyperfine splitting and Kramer’s doublets; ESR spectra of V(II), Mn(II), Fe(II), Co(II), Ni(II), Cu(II) complexes, bis(salicylaldimine)copper(II) and [$(NH_3)_5Co\text{-}O_2$-</td></tr>
</table>

	$Co(NH_3)_5]^{5+}$. Mossbauer spectroscopy – Mossbauer effect, Recoil energy, Mossbauer active nuclei, Doppler shift, Isomer shift, quadrupole splitting and magnetic interactions. Applications of Mössbauer spectra to Fe and Sn compounds.
	UNIT-V: Photo Electron Spectroscopy: Theory, Types, origin of fine structures - shapes of vibrational fine structures – adiabatic and vertical transitions, PES of homonuclear diatomic molecules (N_2, O_2) and heteronuclear diatomic molecules (CO, HCl) and polyatomic molecules (H_2O, CO_2, CH_4, NH_3) – evaluation of vibrational constants of the above molecules. Koopman's theorem- applications and limitations. Optical Rotatory Dispersion – Principle of CD and ORD; Δ and λ isomers in complexes, Assignment of absolute configuration using CD and ORD techniques.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. J E Huheey, EA Keiter, RL Keiter and OK Medhi, Inorganic Chemistry – Principles of structure and reactivity, 4th Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2006 2. G L Meissler and D ATarr, Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2008 3. D. Bannerjea, Co-ordination Chemistry, TATA Mcgraw Hill, 1993. 4. B D Gupta and A K Elias, Basic Organometallic Chemistry: Concepts, Syntheses and Applications, University Press, 2013. 5. F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson.; C. A. Murillo; M. Bochmann, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, 6th ed.; Wiley Inter-science: New York, 1988.
Reference Books	1. Crabtree, Robert H. The Organometallic Chemistry of the Transition Metals. 3rd ed. New York, NY: John Wiley, 2000. 2. P Gütlich, E Bill, A X Trautwein, Mossbauer Spectroscopy and Transition Metal Chemistry: Fundamentals and Applications, 1st edition, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 2011. 3. Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry, B. Douglas, D. McDaniel, J. Alexander, John Wiley, 1994, 3rd edn. 4. K. F. Purcell, J. C. Kotz, Inorganic Chemistry; Saunders: Philadelphia, 1976. 5. R. S. Drago, PhysicaI Methods in Chemistry; Saunders: Philadelphia, 1977.

Website and e-learning source	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/104/101/104101100/

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:
CO1: Understand and apply 18 and 16 electron rule for organometallic compounds
CO2: Understand the structure and bonding in olefin, allyl, cyclopentadienyl and carbonyl containing organometallic compounds
CO3: Understand the reactions of organometallic compounds and apply them in CO4: understanding the catalytic cycles
CO5: Identify / predict the structure of coordination complexes using spectroscopic tools such as IR, NMR, ESR, Mossbauer and optical rotatory dispersion studies to interpret the structure of molecules by various spectral techniques.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-II</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core VIII</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td>Credits</td><td>5</td><td>Course Code</td><td>P23CH408</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>IV</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>5</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">6</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of physical chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the essential characteristics of wave functions and need for the quantum mechanics.
To know the importance of quantum mechanical models of particle in a box, rigid rotor and harmonic oscillator.
To apply the quantum mechanics to hydrogen and polyelectronic systems.
To familiarize the symmetry in molecules and predict the point groups.
To predict the vibrational modes, hybridization using he concepts of group theory.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Wave particle duality, Uncertainty principle, Particle wave and Schrodinger wave equation, wave function, properties of wave function. Properties of wave function, Normalized, Orthogonal, orthonormal, Eigen values, Eigen functions, Hermitian properties of operators. Introduction to quantum mechanics-black body radiation, photoelectric effect, hydrogen spectrum. Need for quantum mechanics, Postulates of Quantum Mechanics, Schrodinger wave equation, Time independent and time dependent</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Quantum models: Particle in a box-1D, two dimensional and three-dimensional, degeneracy, application to linear conjugated molecular system, free particles, ring systems. Harmonic Oscillator-wave equation and solution, anharmonicity, force constant and its significance. Rigid Rotor-wave equation and solution, calculation of rotational constants and bond length of diatomic molecules.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Applications to Hydrogen and Poly electron atoms: Hydrogen atom and hydrogen like ions, Hamiltonian-wave equation and solutions, radial and angular functions, representation of radial distribution functions. Approximation methods –variation methods: trial wave function, variation integral and application to particle in 1D box. Perturbation method - first order applications. Hatrefock self-consistent field method, Hohenberg-Kohn theorem and Kohn-Sham equation, Helium atom-electron spin, paulis exclusion principle and Slater determination.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Group theory: Groups, sub groups, symmetry elements, operations, classification-axial and non-axial. Dihedral point groups- C_n, C_{nh}, D_n, D_{nh}, D_{nd}, Td and Oh. Matrix representation and classes of symmetry operations, reducible irreducible and direct product representation. The Great orthogonality theorem – irreducible representation and reduction formula, construction of character table for C_{2v}, C_{2h}, C_{3v} and D_{2h} point groups.</td></tr>
</table>

	UNIT-V: Applications of quantum and group theory: Hydrogen Molecule-Molecular orbital theory and Heitler London (VB) treatment, Energy level diagram, Hydrogen molecule ion; Use of linear variation function and LCAO methods. Electronic conjugated system:Huckel method to Ethylene butadiene, cyclopropenyl, cyclo butadiene and Benzene. Applications of group theory to molecular vibrations, electronic spectra of ethylene.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. R.K. Prasad, Quantum Chemistry, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2010, 4th revised edition. 2. F. A. Cotton, Chemical Applications of Group Theory, John Wiley & Sons, 2003, 2nd edition. 3. A. Vincent, Molecular Symmetry and Group Theory. A Programmed Introduction to Chemical Applications, John and Willy & Sons Ltd., 2013, 2nd Edition. 4. T. Engel & Philip Reid, Quantum Chemistry and Spectroscopy, Pearson, New Delhi, 2018, 4th edition. 5. G. K. Vemulapalli, Physical Chemistry, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. 2001. 6. D.A. McQuarrie, Quantum Chemistry, Viva Books PW. Ltd, 2013, 2nd edition.
Reference Books	1. N. Levine, Quantum Chemistry, Allyn& Bacon Inc, 1983, 4th edition. 2. D.A. McQuarrie and J. D. Simon, Physical Chemistry, A Molecular Approach, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2012. 3. R. P. Rastogi & V. K. Srivastava, An Introduction to Quantum Mechanics of Chemical Systems, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1999. 4. R.L. Flurry. Jr, Symmetry Group Theory and Chemical applications, Prentice Hall. Inc, 1980 5. J. M. Hollas, Symmetry in Molecules, Chapman and Hall, London, 2011, Reprint.

Website and e-learning source	1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104101124 2. https://ipc.iisc.ac.in/~kls/teaching.html

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To discuss the characteristics of wave functions and symmetry functions.

CO2: To classify the symmetry operation and wave equations.

CO3: To apply the concept of quantum mechanics and group theory to predict the electronic structure.

CO4: To specify the appropriate irreducible representations for theoretical applications.

CO5: To develop skills in evaluating the energies of molecular spectra.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">Core Project with Viva Voce</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core Project</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td>Credits</td><td>7</td><td>Course Code</td><td>P23CH4PJ</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>IV</td><td colspan="4"></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">7</td><td colspan="2">8</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">• To identify the thrust areas of research.
• To understand the methodology to be adopted
• To learn the interpretation of data.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">COMPONENTS FOR INTERNAL EVALUATION
• Preparation of report - 20 marks
• Innovation in choice of problem - 20 marks
• Skills in systematic analysis and recording. - 20 marks
• Regularity and involvement - 20 marks
• Viva – Voce - 20 marks</td></tr>
<tr><td>Skills acquired from this course</td><td colspan="7">Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
Students will be able:
CO1: Choose a definite problem related to challenges in the real world by selecting the right literature source to develop the background of the study
CO2: Scheme out the methodology to analyze the problem by following ethical values abiding by IPR norms
CO3: Develop new knowledge and skills through projects, Compile and interpret project findings
CO4: Suggest novel, sustainable and innovative solution to the problem chosen.
CO5: Present the findings with relevant scientific & logical evidences.</td></tr>
</table>

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	H	H	-	M	H	M	M	M	-	H
CO 2	H	M	M	H	H	H	M	-	-	H
CO 3	H	H	H	H	H	H	-	M	H	H
CO 4	-	-	H	L	L	H	-	H	H	H
CO 5	H	H	H	H	H	M	M	M	M	H

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">Computational Chemistry Practical</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective VI</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td>Credits</td><td>3</td><td>Course Code</td><td>P23CH4:P</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>IV</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">3</td><td colspan="2">4</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic Knowledge in Geometry of Molecules</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">1. To make use of the various software packages for performing computations in chemistry.
2. To derive chemical information relevant to drug design and molecular modelling.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: EXPERIMENTS:
1. Calculation of ADMET properties of some drugs using DruLiTo (Drug likeliness toxicity)
2. Calculation of the topological and molecular parameters from chemdraw and Chem-3D.
3. Use mathematica and online equation editors to type the given derivation. (At least two pages)
4. Retrieving chemical and biological information from online data bases (Swiss prot, NCI, PDB, CCDC).
5. Use of online compound collection data bases (zinc.docking.org, molinspiration)
6. Analyse the hydrogen bonding interaction in the given host guest molecules using HBAT.
7. Regression analysis of the given set of data (MS-Excel)
8. Docking: Small molecule docking using Chemdraw.
9. QSAR a) Calculation of Clog P values
b) Effect of functional group on activity
c) Drawing QSAR plot based on the QSAR results.
10. Molecular visualization and interconversion using Hg-Mercury, JMOL, chemissian,
11. Prediction of UV-Spectra of the given molecules using Argus Lab.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Skills acquired from this course</td><td colspan="7">Knowledge of Structure and Reactivity of Molecules, Visualization of Molecules, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Recommended Text</td><td colspan="7">1. Anand Solomon “Molecular Modeling and Drug Design” MJP Publishers, Chennai, 2008.
2. K.V. Raman “Computers in Chemistry” Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1993.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Reference Books</td><td colspan="7">1. Kishore Arora “Computer Applications in Chemistry”, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2004.
2. Andrew R. Leach, “Molecular Modeling Principles & Applications”, Prentice Hall, 2nd Edition, 2008.</td></tr>
</table>

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: Build given chemical structures and also make use of structures from the databases.

CO2: Examine the given chemistry problem using appropriate computational tools.

CO3: Determine different experimental quantities (UV spectra, Adsorption and Toxicity value) using computational chemistry software such as DruLiTo, Chemdraw and Argus Lab.

CO4: Analyze chemical structures using software such as Mercury and JMOL and develop knowledge on biology and mathematical concepts involved in QSAR, PDB search, and Regression analysis.

CO5: Do docking studies and understand the basics of drug design.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	H	H	M	L	L	H	-	-	-	M
CO 2	-	-	L	H	M	-	-	-	-	L
CO 3	-	-	L	M	M	H	-	-	-	-
CO 4	-	M	M	H	M	H	-	-	-	L
CO 5	-	H	L	H	M	H	-	-	-	-

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">POLYMER CHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective VI</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">3</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH4:B</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>IV</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>3</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">4</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of general chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To learn the basic concepts and bonding in polymers.
To explain various types of polymerization reactions and kinetics.
To understand the importance of industrial polymers and their synthetic uses.
To determine the molecular weight of polymers.
To predict the degradation of polymers and conductivities.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Characterization, Molecular weight and its Determination: Primary and secondary bond forces in polymers; cohesive energy, molecular structure, chemical tests, thermal methods, Tg, molecular distribution, stability. Determination of Molecular mass of polymers: Number Average molecular mass (M_n) and Weight average molecular mass (M_w) of polymers. Molecular weight determination of high polymers by physical and methods.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Mechanism and kinetics of Polymerization: Chain growth polymerization: Cationic, anionic, free radical polymerization, Stereo regular polymers: Ziegler Natta polymerization. Reaction kinetics. Step growth polymerization, Degree of polymerization.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Techniques of Polymerization and Polymer Degradation: Bulk, Solution, Emulsion, Suspension, solid, interfacial and gas phase polymerization. Types of Polymer Degradation, Thermal degradation, mechanical degradation, photodegradation, Photo stabilizers, Solid and gas phase polymerization.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Industrial Polymers: Preparation of fibre forming polymers, elastomeric material. Thermoplastics: Polyethylene, Polypropylene, polystyrene, Polyacrylonitrile, Poly Vinyl Chloride, Poly tetrafluoro ethylene, nylon and polyester. Thermosetting Plastics: Phenol formaldehyde and expoxide resin. Elastomers: Natural rubber and synthetic rubber - Buna - N, Buna-S and neoprene. Conducting Polymers: Elementary ideas; examples: poly sulphur nitriles, polyphenylene, poly pyrrole and poly acetylene. Polymethylmethacrylate, polyimides, polyamides, polyurethanes, polyureas, polyethylene and polypropylene glycols.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-V: Polymer Processing: Compounding: Polymer Additives: Fillers, Plasticizers, antioxidants, thermal stabilizers, fire retardants and colourants. Processing Techniques: Calendaring, die casting, compression moulding, injection moulding, blow moulding and reinforcing. Film casting, Thermofoaming, Foaming. Catalysis and catalysts – Polymerization catalysis, catalyst support, clay compounds, basic catalyst, auto-exhaust catalysis, vanadium, heterogeneous catalysis and active centres.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Extended</td><td colspan="7">Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive</td></tr>
</table>

Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	**1.** V.R. Gowariker, *Polymer Science*, Wiley Eastern, 1995. 2. G.S. Misra, *Introductory Polymer Chemistry*, New Age International (Pvt) Limited, 1996. 3. M.S. Bhatnagar, A Text Book of Polymers, vol-I & II, S.Chand & Company, New Delhi, 2004.
Reference Books	1. F. N. Billmeyer, *Textbook of Polymer Science*, Wiley Interscience, 1971. 2. A. Kumar and S. K. Gupta, *Fundamentals and Polymer Science and Engineering*, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1978.

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:
CO1: To understand the bonding in polymers.
CO2: To scientifically plan and perform the various polymerization reactions.
CO3: To observe and record the processing of polymers.
CO4: To calculate the molecular weight by physical and chemical methods.
CO5: To interpret the experimental data scientifically to improve the quality of synthetic polymers.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">Course Training for Competitive Examination
(UGC-CSIR NET/ SET/ GATE/ TRB)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">SEC</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Professional Competency Skill Enhancement</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td rowspan="2">Credit</td><td rowspan="2">2</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH4S1</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>IV</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="2">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="3">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>-</td><td>4</td><td colspan="2">-</td><td colspan="3">4</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic and Advanced level Organic, Inorganic and Physical Chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To apply the concepts in solving problems.
To revisit advanced level topics by solving model questions and previous year problems from different competitive examination
To review important expressions, equations, reactions and diagrams from Physical, inorganic and organic chemistry by solving questions from competitive examinations.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Course outline</td><td colspan="7">Unit-I: Inorganic Chemistry: Chemical periodicity, Structure and bonding, Concepts of acids and bases, Transition elements and coordination compounds: structure, bonding theories, spectral and magnetic properties, reaction mechanisms. Inner transition elements: Spectral and magnetic properties, redox chemistry, analytical applications. Organometallic compounds: synthesis, bonding and structure, and reactivity. Organometallics in homogeneous catalysis. Cages and metal clusters. Bioinorganic chemistry: photosystems, porphyrins, metalloenzymes, oxygen transport, electron- transfer reactions; nitrogen fixation, metal complexes in medicine. (Model Questions and Previous Year Questions from UGC CSIR-NET/ GATE/ SET- to be solved for the above topics)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">Unit-II: Physical Chemistry: Atomic structure and spectroscopy; term symbols. Chemical applications of group theory; symmetry elements; point groups; character tables. Electrochemistry: Nernst equation, redox systems, electrochemical cells; Debye-Huckel theory; electrolytic conductance – Kohlrausch’s law and its applications; ionic equilibria; conductometric and potentiometric titrations. Chemical kinetics: Empirical rate laws and temperature dependence; complex reactions; steady state approximation; determination of reaction mechanisms; collision and transition state theories of rate constants; unimolecular reactions; enzyme kinetics; salt effects; homogeneous catalysis; photochemical reactions. Surfaces and Interfaces: Physisorption and chemisorption. Langmuir, Freundlich and Brunauer–Emmett–Teller (BET) isotherms. Surface catalysis: Langmuir-Hinshelwood mechanism. Surfacetension, viscosity. Self-assembly. Physical chemistry of colloids, micelles and macromolecules. (Model Questions and Previous Year Questions from UGC CSIR-NET/ GATE/ SET- to be solved for the above topics)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">Unit-III: Organic Chemistry: Principles of stereochemistry: Configurational and conformational isomerism in acyclic and cyclic compounds. Aromaticity: Benzenoid and non-benzenoid compounds – generation and reactions. Organic reactive intermediates: Generation, stability and reactivity of carbocations, carbanions, free radicals, carbenes, benzynes and nitrenes. Common named reactions and rearrangements – applications in organic synthesis. Organic</td></tr>
</table>

	transformations and reagents: Functional group interconversion including oxidations and reductions; common catalysts and reagents (organic, inorganic, organometallic and enzymatic). Chemo, regio and stereoselective transformations. Asymmetric synthesis: Chiral auxiliaries, methods of asymmetric induction – substrate, reagent and catalyst controlled reactions; determination of enantiomeric and diastereomeric excess; Pericyclic reactions – electrocyclisation, cycloaddition, sigmatropic rearrangements and other related concerted reactions. Principles and applications of photochemical reactions in organic chemistry. Carbohydrates, proteins and peptides. (Model Questions and Previous Year Questions from UGC CSIR-NET/ GATE/ SET- to be solved for the above topics)
	Unit-IV Molecular, Inorganic and Organic Spectroscopy: Molecular spectroscopy: Rotational and vibrational spectra of diatomic molecules; electronic spectra; IR and Raman activities – selection rules; Characterisation of inorganic compounds by IR, Raman, NMR, EPR, Mössbauer, UV-vis, NQR. Structure determination of organic compounds by IR, UV-Vis, ^{1}H & ^{13}C-NMR and Mass spectroscopic techniques. (Model Questions and Previous Year Questions from UGC CSIR-NET/ GATE/ SET- to be solved for the above topics)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	**Inorganic Chemistry** 1. J E Huheey, EA Keiter, RL Keiter and OK Medhi, Inorganic Chemistry – Principles of structure and reactivity, 4th Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2006 2. G L Meissler and D ATarr, Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2008 3. F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson.; C. A. Murillo; M. Bochmann, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, 6th ed.; Wiley Inter-science: New York, 1988. 4. R. S. Drago, PhysicaI Methods in Chemistry; Saunders: Philadelphia, 1977. 5. D. Bannerjea, Co-ordination Chemistry, TATA Mcgraw Hill, 1993. **Physical Chemistry** 1. F. A. Cotton, Chemical Applications of Group Theory, John Wiley & Sons, 2003, 2nd edition. 2. A. Vincent, Molecular Symmetry and Group Theory. A Programmed Introduction to Chemical Applications, John and Willy & Sons Ltd., 2013, 2nd Edition. 3. T. Engel & Philip Reid, Quantum Chemistry and Spectroscopy, Pearson, New Delhi, 2018, 4th edition. 4. J.O.M. Bockris and A.K.N. Reddy, Modern Electro chemistry, vol.1 and 2B, Springer, Plenum Press, New York, 2008. 5. J.O.M. Bockris, A.K.N. Reddy and M.G. Aldeco Morden Electro chemistry, vol. 2A, Springer, Plenum Press, New York, 2008. **Organic Chemistry:** 1. F. A. Carey and Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry, 5thed, Tata McGraw-Hill, New York, 2003. 2. J. March and M. Smith, Advanced Organic Chemistry, 5th ed., John-Wiley and sons, 2007. 3. Clayden, Greeves, Warren, Organic Chemistry, Oxford University Press, Second Edition, 2016.

	4. W. Caruthers, Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis 4thedn, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2007. 5. Jagdamba Singh and Jaya Singh, Photochemistry and Pericyclic Reactions, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2012.
Website and e-learning Source	1. https://www.classcentral.com/classroom/youtube-pericyclic-reactions-for-csir-net-gate-and-iit-jam-54081/611af9983ac3a 2. https://gate.nptel.ac.in/
	Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able **CO 1**: To understand the fundamental concepts of various branches of chemistry, including organic chemistry, inorganic chemistry, physical chemistry, and analytical chemistry. **CO 2:** To develop a strong foundation in chemical principles, laws, and theories to solve complex problems encountered in competitive examinations. **CO 3:** To acquire knowledge of advanced topics in chemistry, such as quantum mechanics, spectroscopy, thermodynamics, and chemical kinetics. **CO 4:** Develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills necessary for solving numerical and conceptual questions encountered in competitive exams. **CO 5:** Acquire familiarity with the format and types of questions typically encountered in the UGC-CSIR NET examination.

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">CHEMISTRY FOR ADVANCED RESEARCH STUDIES</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">SEC</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Skill Enhancement Course (SEC 1)</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td rowspan="2">Credit</td><td rowspan="2">2</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2">P23CH4SA</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>IV</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="2">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="3">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>2</td><td></td><td colspan="2">2</td><td colspan="3">4</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basics of Research Tools and Techniques</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To Understand the fundamental principles and concepts of research methodologies.
To Familiarize themselves with research tools, software, and technologies commonly used in research.
To Apply ethical considerations and guidelines in research.
To Communicate research findings through oral presentations and written reports.
To Critically evaluate and analyze existing research literature.
To Enhance critical thinking, problem-solving, and analytical skills in the context of research.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Course outline</td><td colspan="7">Unit-I: Introduction to Research: Definition and importance of research, Research process and steps, Types of research (qualitative, quantitative, mixed-methods), Formulating research questions and objectives</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">Unit-II: Research Ethics: Ethical considerations in research, Informed consent and participant rights, Confidentiality and data protection, Institutional review boards and ethical clearance, Plagiarism and intellectual property</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">Unit-III: Research Tools and Technologies:
Literature review techniques and databases: Scopus database, Citations, and Research Metrics, Bibliographic management software (e.g., EndNote, Mendeley), Research collaboration tools (e.g., Microsoft 365, Google Docs, Dropbox), Data analysis software and tools, Data visualization tools (e.g., Tableau, Excel)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">Unit-IV: Research Reporting: Structure and components of a research paper, Academic writing style and citation conventions, Presenting research findings effectively, Conference presentations and poster design.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">Unit-V: Online tools and software for article writing and Plagiarism Checking:
Introduction and usage of online tools: Grammarly, Quill Bot, Chat GPT, Turnitin.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Skills acquired from this course</td><td colspan="7">Searching research Database, using software and online research tools, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Recommended Text</td><td colspan="7">1. Research Methodology: A Step-by-Step Guide for Beginners" by Ranjit Kumar, SAGE Publications, 2012.
2. The Literature Review: Six Steps to Success" by Lawrence A. Machi and Brenda T. McEvoy, SAGE Publications, 2018.</td></tr>
</table>

Reference Books	1. Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques" by C.R. Kothari, New Age Internation Publication, 2004 2. The Craft of Research" by Wayne C. Booth, Gregory G. Colomb, and Joseph M. Williams (University of Chicago Press, 2008).
Website and e-learning source	1. https://merlot.org/merlot/materials.htm?keywords=research+methodology&sort.property=relevance 2. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/127/106/127106227/
	Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able **CO 1:** To understand the fundamental principles and concepts of research methodologies. **CO 2:** To apply ethical considerations and guidelines in research. **CO 3:** To use different online research tools and software for citation and collaborative work. **CO 4:** To report research findings as article and poster presentation **CO 5:** To use online tools and software for effective report writing